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France Now Tool Of German War Machine

FRENCH PEOPLE WILL JUDGE THE TERMS OF AXIS

NEW YORK, June 24 (Reuter) — "The French people themselves will have to be judges some day of the pitiless armistice terms imposed on them at Compiegne and Rome," says the New York Times in a leader.

It says: "They will have many occasions to wonder whether this fearful punishment will be any lighter than if France continues to fight from Colonial and foreign soil."

"A vestige of independence may be left to France but it will be mockery."

The New York Times says that France will now be made, against her will, into a tool of the German war machine and secrets shared with her ally will be pried from her by the enemy; perhaps even plans of the beleaguered British island fortress will be delivered under duress into German hands.

"What is still worse, the British are bound to treat occupied France as enemy territory."

HORRIBLE SEQUEL

After adding that Mr. Winston Churchill had indicated that the acceptance of terms would transform France into an active enemy, the newspaper continues, "The horrible sequel will be that the British will be forced to make war upon French territory in enemy hands."

"They may have to bomb French cities and, incidentally, may kill French civilians and, perhaps, starve France in a grim effort to blockade and starve Germany."

The New York Herald-Tribune says: "Whatever else it may be this is certainly not the honourable peace without which the Bordeaux Government declared it would resist to the end."

The paper adds, "The Bordeaux Government has done what it could in giving up the struggle, but it is physically powerless to enforce many, if not most, of the terms it signed."

French Officials Working With British Government

Special to Hongkong Daily Press

LONDON, June 24 (Havas) — Many French officials are working with the British Government, writes the Daily Telegraph.

The paper adds that these officials intend to co-operate with the French National Committee, headed by General de Gaulle.

TREASON AND ETERNAL SHAME"

MANILA, June 24 (Havas) — "The French community in the Philippines loathingly stigmatises the attempt at a separate peace which would constitute treason and eternal shame of our country," reads a cable sent to the French Government by Frenchmen here.

Tribal Chiefs Aid French In Syria

DAMASCUS, June 24 (Reuter) — Following General Mittelhauser's announcement that he has decided to carry on France's mission in Syria and defend the honour of France and her flag, numerous tribal chiefs have put their lives and properties at the disposal of the French authorities.

The news that France's colonies have decided to continue the struggle gives great satisfaction among the public here.

ITALIAN RAID ON MALTA

ONLY SIX BOMBS FALL ON LAND

MALTA, June 24 (Reuter) — Nineteen Italian bombers raided the island yesterday afternoon, dropping a large number of bombs only six of which fell on land.

No military objectives were hit.

There was some damage to private property and there were no British casualties.

One enemy fighter was brought down by British fighters.

BASES VACATED

NAIROBI, June 24 (Reuter) — A communiqué reports that all was quiet on the whole front this morning.

It adds that troops of the King's African Rifles raided bases on the Italian Somaliland frontier yesterday, but no enemy was seen, the bases having apparently been vacated.

The spokesman also gave an assurance that talks with Germany and Italy were not confined to Indo-China.

"We have not in mind any specific area, and the talks are of a very general character," he said.

JAPANESE AIMS

DISCUSSED BY FRENCH ENVOY

TOKYO, June 24 (Reuter) — Japanese proposals to send a group of observers to supervise traffic between Indo-China and Chungking at various points on the Yunnan border was discussed on Saturday afternoon, when Mr. Masayuki Tani, Japanese Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, saw M. Charles Arsene Henry, French Ambassador, a Foreign Office spokesman revealed yesterday.

The French Ambassador, the spokesman said, promised to cable the proposals to the French Government.

"These proposals, he added, will be made public as soon as a reply is received from the French Government.

Asked whether any reply had been received from Berlin and Rome to Japan's notification of her particular interest in French Indo-China, the spokesman said that no substantial report had been received so far from the Japanese Ambassador.

TALKS WITH CAPITALS

Asked why notification had been addressed only to Germany and Italy and not to other Powers, the spokesman pointed out that talks had already taken place with Washington, London, Paris and other capitals.

The spokesman also gave an assurance that talks with Germany and Italy were not confined to Indo-China.

"We have not in mind any specific area, and the talks are of a very general character," he said.

Churchill's Message Unanimously Endorsed

RESOLUTION TO PROSECUTE WAR UNREMITTINGLY

The Prime Minister's message early on Sunday on the news from Bordeaux, says British Wireless, describes the feeling and temper of his countrymen and is unanimously endorsed throughout the entire Press.

Grief is the first emotion. This grief is rendered the more acute by the recollection that France was Britain's firm ally in the anxious and arduous contest of the last Great War and there is no passage in the message which has been more cordially approved than that in which Mr. Churchill declared that "when Great Britain is victorious we will, despite the action of the Bordeaux Government, chastise the cause of the French people and British victory is the only possible hope for the restoration of the greatness of France and the freedom of its people."

Amidst the action of the Petain Government is increased by the knowledge of the methods employed.

The Times says that by broadcasting to the world before entering into negotiations with the enemy, his decision that the hostilities must be brought to an end, the new Prime Minister, immeasurably strengthened the hand of his unscrupulous opponent and correspondingly disheartened his own people and armies, some of them intact, still heroically holding out in their name.

Another outstanding feature of all press comment is the expression of unshaken resolution to prosecute the war unremittingly if necessary, for years, if necessary, alone."

BETRAYAL OF FRANCE

The Daily Telegraph says, "The armistice terms are far more completely a betrayal of France than of Britain. The Bordeaux Government in fact have done all they could to consummate the ruin of their own country. By surrendering ports they have cut France off from her great empire overseas and done their best to give it up to Germany and Italy to be despoiled and divided. From the great empire of France, however, come assurances that Frenchmen overseas will not give up the fight. It is upon such a resolution as this that the National Committee, announced by General de Gaulle, is to build. General Mittelhauser, commanding in Syria, has taken his decision that the army there shall defend the honour of France, British support of every kind will be at hand to enable the fulfilment of that purpose. The French Government has abandoned us but we shall not forsake the people of France. We shall maintain the battle till their freedom is won and their soil redeemed."

The Manchester Guardian says,

"The spectacle of Britain's friend converted within a few hours into one of our common enemy, allowing her arms and resources to be used against us in our grim struggle, forgetting the oath of fidelity she had taken, would be intolerable to all who care for the proud reputation of France."

ENERGY NOT LOST

Whatever is done in the name of France with her armies shattered and her politics in confusion, we may be sure that the energy and will of that powerful

country will be maintained.

PAGE 1—Commerce.

PAGE 1—Passenger, Harbour Office notices to mariners.

Continued on Back Page.

NO DOUBT, NO HESITATION: BRITAIN FIGHTS ON FOR SOMETHING MORE THAN SELF-DEFENCE

LONDON, JUNE 24 (REUTER) — THERE IS NO DOUBT OR HESITATION IN GREAT BRITAIN OR ANYWHERE WHERE THE BRITISH FLAG FLIES.

We fight on for something more than self-defence, declares The Times in an editorial on the armistice terms accepted by the Bordeaux Government.

The Times adds that Nazi Germany, with its wholly self-regarding sterile doctrine, has nothing except slavery to offer to mankind, but is now momentarily in a position to impose its system of negotiation upon Europe by force if force can do it.

It is the faith of Englishmen, Frenchmen and their friends in the American continent that force can do no such thing—that the soul of Europe is immortal and, in the long run, must liberate itself.

Since the Ministers of Bordeaux abandoned the fight, the battle of France is lost. The battle of the oceans has yet to be fought out and, while the British Empire, supported by all the survivors of free-loving nations, is undefeated, Hitler has still all his war to win.

Our utmost strength may be taxed, our utmost strength by sea and air must be exerted, but if we hold fast he is defeated. The British Empire has to stand as the one hope of the world, as the one hope of the deliverance of France.

CHINESE COMMENT

Speculations on the future world situation as a result of the armistice in France was contained in the editorials of several local Chinese newspapers yesterday morning.

The Ta Kung Pao says that the armistice will mark the termination of the hostilities on the European Continent and the beginning of decisive naval actions.

Amidst the medley of uncertainties, three things remain certain: First, Britain will continue to fight; second, the United States will supply more materials, and armament to Britain; and third, French people overseas and, at least a part of the French Navy and Air Force, will help Britain to fight on.

Referring to the effect of the armistice in France on the Far Eastern situation, the paper says that the armistice talk came as a bombshell to Japan. Japan does not like to see an early conclusion of the European war for three principal reasons.

First, she is afraid of active intervention in the Pacific by the United States and a possible general settlement of the world's problems in the event of the conclusion of the European war.

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BRITISH LINER TORPEDOED

LISBON, June 24 (Reuter) — A British liner, Wellington Star, was torpedoed near Cape Finisterre. Seventeen survivors have arrived near Oporto.

BASELESS REPORTS

NO NEW SOVIET-TURKO TREATY

Special to H.K. Daily Press

MOSCOW, June 24 (Havas) — The official Tass Agency dismisses as totally baseless, foreign press reports stating that Soviet Russia and Turkey were negotiating for a treaty.

Reports claimed that the Turkish Prime Minister, Bey Suikru Saracoglu, was on his way to Moscow for that purpose.

Japanese Dislodged From Nanchang Outskirts

NORTH KIANGSI, June 24 (Central) — As a result of a smashing attack during the week-end, Chinese forces have dislodged the Japanese from the outskirts of Nanchang and forced them to retreat inside the city.

Twenty Japanese were taken prisoner and three tanks were seized in the fighting. The enemy barracks in the eastern suburbs were set on fire.

The Chinese encircling attack on Wuning, 70 miles northwest of Nanchang, is making steady progress and several strategic points in the immediate neighbourhood have been wrested back from Japanese hands, it is reported.

Severe fighting has broken out at Hukow, key city at the entrance of the Poyang Lake in north Kiangsi, where the Chinese have launched attacks on the Japanese positions on several sides. Tappingwan, a strategic pass and several important heights near the city have been recaptured by the attacking Chinese.

Gandhi To Visit Viceroy

SIMLA, June 24 (Reuter) — It is understood that the Viceroy, Lord Linlithgow, has invited Mr. Gandhi to visit him at Simla, and he is expected to arrive towards the end of the week.

In meantime, Lord Linlithgow is seeing Mr. Jinnah, President of the Muslim League, in Thiruvananthapuram.

Continued on Page 1.

NEARER TO DANGER BUT EMPIRE SHARES GRIM DETERMINATION TO FIGHT ON UNTIL VICTORY

Thorough Organisation Is Prime Need — Labour Minister

I HAVE NO DOUBT THAT THROUGHOUT THE EMPIRE TODAY, you are anxious to know how we in Britain have reacted to the present situation, especially now that you have heard of the signing of an armistice between France and Germany," said Mr. Ernest Bevin, Minister of Labour and National Service, in a broadcast talk from Daventry last night on the response received from the Empire to the call to service.

"Our attitude," he continued, "is much like your own. THE FIGHT GOES ON. I am encouraged in this view by the messages that have been flowing in from all parts of the Empire.

The only difference is that we are nearer to the danger, but we share the same grim determination to carry on the struggle until victory is ours.

"Full resolve is, however, not enough. We know that if we are to win the war we must organise and organise so thoroughly, that we may meet every contingency that may arise and hold on until

DUTCH PLANE INCIDENT

TOKYO, June 24 (Reuter) — The recent incident in which a Dutch plane was alleged to have machine-gunned a Japanese fishing boat off the Netherlands East Indies has been "satisfactorily cleared."

This was announced by a Foreign Office spokesman at a press conference yesterday.

Continued on Page 1.

CAIRO, June 24 (Reuter) — Count Mazzolini and members of the Italian Legation and Consular staffs left for Palestine en route to Rome.

LAWN BOWLS TOURNEYS

DRAW FOR SECOND ROUND OF OPEN RINKS & PAIRS

MACAO RACE MEETING

MR. CHANG PLACES IN ALL EVENTS

The most successful jockey at the Macao Races on Sunday was Mr. F. A. Sequeira who registered wins on New Bedford and King's Worthy in the Hark Sha Wan Handicap (Second Section) and the Consolation Stakes respectively.

H. S. Chang had the distinction of being placed in all five events in which he rode. He won the Governor's Cup on Meadow Eve and was placed second in each of the remaining four races.

RESULTS

The results were:-
Hark Sha Wan Handicap (First Section) Half-mile
Tim (153). G. Cooper 1
Radius Star (161). H. S. Chang 2
Heddon (146). Chiu Ki-fan 3
Won by a short head; half a length.
Time: 1:03.

Pari-mutuel:-

Winner: 20.40.

Places: \$5.10. \$10. \$5.10.

Six starters.

Hark Sha Wan Handicap (Second Section)
New Bedford (160). F. A. Sequeira 1
Mac's Adventure (159). H. S. Chang 2
King's Envoy (156). Hoo Pak- ming 3
Won by half a length; 14 lengths.
Time: 1:03.1.

Pari-mutuel:-

Winner: \$11.40.

Places: \$5.40. \$5.40. \$5.

Seven starters.

George Potts Memorial Cup (One Mile)
Black Diamond (152). J. Nolasco 1
The Mermaid (163). Chiu Ki-fan 2
The Spirit of St. Louis (155). G. Cooper 3
Won by a neck; many lengths.
Time: 2:24.2.

Pari-mutuel:-

Winner: \$57.50.

Places: \$8.10. \$5.70. \$7.20.

Six starters.

The Governor's Cup (One Mile)
Meadow Eve (143). H. S. Chang 1
Hogmanay (144). P. M. Hoo 2
Fairy Ousey (150). J. Nolasco 3
Won by half a length; 1 length.
Time: 2:25.2.

Pari-mutuel:-

Winner: \$12.20.

Places: \$5.30. \$14.30. \$5.90.

Seven starters.

Kan Hoo H'cap (Half Mile)
Sunlight View (158). K. F. Chiu 1
Talkative (144). H. S. Chang 2
Double Chance (146). W. N. Yeh 3
Won by two lengths; two lengths.
Pari-mutuel:-

Winner: \$10.80.

Places: \$5.10. \$5.10. \$6.70.

Six starters.

Consolation Stakes (Half Mile)
King's Worthy (142). F. A. Sequeira 1
Desert Star (145). H. S. Chang 2
Sunshine Susie (143). Hoo Pak- ming 3
Won by one length; five lengths.
Time: 1:03.

Pari-mutuel:-

Winner: \$20.

Places: \$6.50. \$5.40. \$8.10.

Six starters. National Anthem was withdrawn.

CASH SWEEP RESULTS GOVERNOR'S CUP

No. 17627 \$6,750.00
16043 1,225.74
11118 984.33

Unplaced (\$107.15 each) - 19914.
17585, 16892, 12028, 18677, 19445.

28418, 15659, 16258, 23925.

No. 328 \$419.40
40 119.20
200 59.60

Unplaced (\$22.20 each) - 316, 158.

RACE 1
No. 443 \$244.10
19 69.70
307 34.80

Unplaced (\$9.70 each) - 177, 111.

475, 341.

RACE 2
No. 419 \$263.80
329 75.30
273 37.60

Unplaced (\$13.80 each) - 240, 433.

RACE 3
No. 88 \$468.20
95 133.80
357 66.90

Unplaced (\$18.60 each) - 52, 352.

RACE 4
No. 13 \$450.00
76 128.50
90 64.20

Unplaced (\$22.80 each) - 125, 486.

413.

RACE 5
No. 13 \$450.00
76 128.50
90 64.20

Unplaced (\$22.80 each) - 125, 486.

The following is the draw for the second round of the Colony Open Rinks and Open Pairs lawn bowls competitions:-

OPEN RINKS

SUNDAY

At C. S. C. C.
A. A. Razack, K. M. Omar, A. M. Omar and U. M. Omar v. W. W. Melrose, R. Malm, R. Munro and J. S. Chalmers; C. Gowland, J. W. Hudson, J. McCutcheon and A. Jillott v. A. F. Noronha, C. A. Lopes, J. E. Noronha and C. G. Silva; R. Bassa, J. S. Landolt, A. E. Coates and G. S. Rossetti v. J. W. Leonard, Y. A. Razack, L. C. R. Souza and W. K. Way.

AT C. C. C.

At C. S. C. C.
D. Morton and H. J. Bicknell v. D. Munro and R. Main; W. J. Burling and M. N. Rakusen v. Y. H. Tang and J. N. Wong.

WEDNESDAY

At C. S. C. C.
A. R. Minu and A. K. Minu v. U. M. Omar and A. M. Omar; R. P. Phillips and J. E. Hanson v. E. A. Atkins and H. White v. J. G. Silva and C. G. Silva.

AT POLICE

At C. S. C. C.
W. Melrose and J. C. Chalmers v. I. N. Sweeney and J. Rayle; E. A. Atkins and H. White v. J. G. Silva and C. G. Silva.

THURSDAY

At K. F. C.
J. A. Remedios and L. A. Gutierrez v. T. A. Madar and A. Bone; A. E. Castro and V. N. Atienza v. A. W. Grinnell and F. J. Jones.

AT K. D. E. C.

At K. D. E. C.
W. L. Walker and J. Deakin v. A. Hyde-Lay and A. J. Hall or R. Meadows and A. J. Hill.

AT TAIRKO

At K. D. E. C.
J. C. Gill and A. M. Holland v. S. E. Eccleshall and A. Stevens.

U.S. BASEBALL RESULTS

NEW YORK, June 24 (Reuter) — Cincinnati Reds gained on the Brooklyn Dodgers yesterday beating the New York Giants in the National Baseball League by 7-4.

The complete scores were:-

NATIONAL LEAGUE

R. H. E.

Cincinnati 7 12 2

New York 4 9 0

(Lombardi homered for the Reds).

Pittsburgh 8 18 2

Brooklyn 5 9 3

Chicago 9 9 0

Philadelphia 2 6 1

(Rizzo homered for the Phillies).

St. Louis 5 6 2

Boston 7 12 1

(Koy and Mize homered for the Cardinals).

Cincinnati 2 8 0

New York 0 3 0

(Thomson pitched for the Reds).

Pittsburgh 4 10 5

Brooklyn 4 13 0

(V. Davis homered for the Pirates; and Camille for the Dodgers. The game was called at the end of the 13th inning owing to darkness).

Chicago 7 12 0

Philadelphia 2 10 1

(Warren and Rizzo homered for the Phillies).

St. Louis 5 8 2

Boston 10 12 1

(J. Martin homered for the Cardinals and Miller and E. Moore for the Braves).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Boston 1 6 0

Cleveland 4 10 1

(Mack and Keitner homered for the Indians).

New York 2 4 0

Detroit 2 8 2

(York homered for the Tigers).

Boston 2 8 2

Cleveland 0 8 0

(Hash pitched, and Tabor homered twice for the Red Sox).

Washington 12 19 1

St. Louis 5 9 0

(Case and Walker homered for the Senators).

Washington 2 7 0

St. Louis 3 6 0

(Laabs homered for the Browns).

TUESDAY

At K. F. C.

C. M. Silva and F. X. Soares v. W. F. Field and V. Chittenden;

W. Hong Sling and L. C. R. Souza v. P. A. Peckham and W. McNeil.

AT RECREIO

C. Dowman and F. C. Channings v. B. D. Evans and R. Hall; T. Coleman and M. Ferguson v. W. C. Simpson and F. Goodwin.

AT K. D. E. C.

C. M. Silva and F. X. Soares v. W. F. Field and V. Chittenden;

W. Hong Sling and L. C. R. Souza v. P. A. Peckham and W. McNeil.

LATEST STANDINGS

The following are the standings of the leading teams in the two major baseball leagues:-

NATIONAL

W. L. Pct.

Cincinnati 38 20 .655

Brooklyn 34 19 .642

New York 33 21 .611

AMERICAN

W. L. Pct.

Cleveland 38 23 .522

Detroit 34 22 .507

Boston 33 23 .582

AT K. F. C.

A. K. S. Rossetti and J. F. de Souza v. A. E. Coates and G. S. Rossetti.

AT RECREIO

J. G. Meyer and G. W. Deacon v. R. Morrison and J. McElvie.

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J. G. Meyer and G. W. Deacon v. R. Morrison and J. McElvie.

AT RECREIO

J. G. Meyer and G. W. Deacon v. R

QUEEN'S THEATRE

HONGKONG DAILY AT 2:30-5:15-7:20-9:30 P.M. TEL 314-53

TODAY AND TOMORROW



ADDED! BRITISH PARAMOUNT NEWS
B.E.F. EVACUATION OF DUNKIRK

• THURSDAY •

GILBERT & SULLIVAN'S

MIKADO

IN TECHNICOLOR

6 SHOWS DAILY
2:30 5:15
7:20 9:30
MATINEES 20c-30c EVENINGS 20c-30c-50c-70c

• TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW •

Exciting Gangster Drama Replete With Action!



• THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY •

RUTHLESS SUBMARINE WARFARE!
U-BOAT 20
CONRAD VEJOT VERNON HOBSON
CHRISTIAN SHAW
A Columbia Picture

TAKE ANY TRAM or HAPPY VALLEY BUS.
CATHAY
DAILY AT 2:30, 5:15, 7:20, & 9:30 P.M.
MATINEES 20c, 30c, 50c, 70c, 90c, 110c, 130c, 150c

• TO-DAY, ONE DAY ONLY!

Special Times at 2:00, 5:00, 7:30 & 9:45 p.m.

Scandal of a glamorous girl! Wild escapades that rocked a nation... as an adventurous beauty seeks romance

MARY SHEARER TYRONE POWER
Maria Antoniette

JOHN BARRYMORE ROBERT MORSE
ANITA LOUISE JOSEPH SCHICKHAUT
GLADYS GEORGE HENRY STEPHENSON

TO-MORROW JANE WITHERS in her wildest comedy
FOX Picture
• "BOY FRIEND"

GENERAL

CROSSWORD

NO. 641

ACROSS

- 1 Course
- 5 Outdo
- 8 Great epic
- 9 E.g. Caesar
- 10 Pick
- 11 Holy book
- 12 Bondman
- 13 Lair
- 14 Daydream
- 15 Goddess
- 16 Great lake
- 17 Not sunny
- 18 Full
- 19 suddenly,
- 20 Dish
- 21 Possession
- 22 Evil spirit
- 23 Salutes
- 24 A cole
- 25 Deserves
- 26 Relation
- 27 Cricket ground
- 28 In Belgium
- 29 Drop
- 30 Row
- 31 Scold
- 32 In Yorks
- 33 Clear
- 34 Shorten
- 35 Discharge
- 36 Dress
- 37 Actions
- 38 Connells
- 39 Scout
- 40 Hackneyed
- 41 In that case
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CHINA MAY TAKE STEPS IF JAPANESE MOVE

Demands That Indo-China Route Be Closed Discussed

CHUNGKING, June 24 (Cenra)—If Japan takes aggressive military action in French Indo-China the Chinese Government will be constrained to take self-defence measures as necessary under such circumstances for safeguarding national existence and independence and in pursuance of her established policy of resistance to aggression, declared Dr. Wang Chung-hui, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in a statement issued yesterday referring to the French Government's acceptance of Japan's demands for the cessation of goods traffic to China via French Indo-China.

Failure of the French Government to firmly reject Japan's demands, Dr. Wang said, will encourage the Japanese militarists to take further actions to violate peace in the Far East. The Chinese Government has the deepest concern over this state of affairs.

The Chinese Government, Dr. Wang adds, strongly believes that any Japanese aggressive military action in any area in Asia or the Pacific is aimed at the attainment of Japan's final goal of the conquest of China.

Shanghai Exodus

STARTED BY A RUMOUR

SHANGHAI, June 24 (Reuter)—Chinese living in the Siccawei district in Shanghai, yesterday started an exodus into the French Concession of the International Settlement, following circulation of reports that the French authorities intend to withdraw their forces back into the Concession from the Siccawei perimeter.

It is unconfirmedly reported that the French have been conducting negotiations with the Japanese Special Service Section and the City Government of Greater Shanghai concerning such a withdrawal. It is expected that the French police and military will be evacuated in the near future.

The Siccawei zone in Chinese territory at the western part of the city was occupied by the French as a defence area in 1937.

FRENCH ARRIVE IN ROME

BERLIN, June 24 (Reuter)—The official news agency learns from Rome that the French representatives in the armistice negotiation arrived in Rome in three German planes yesterday afternoon.

The negotiations were expected to commence immediately. The French plenipotentiaries consist of six officers and various secretaries and M. Leon Noel, the French Ambassador to Poland.

All were driven to a villa, the whereabouts of which was kept secret.

NO CHANGE IN SITUATION

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—A French communiqué states that the situation is without notable change except along the coast where the Germans continue to advance in the direction of Roericht, Salines and Cognac.

On the Alpine front there is a continuation of the Italian attempt to make progress but on the whole we still hold our advanced positions.

THE WAR IN BRITAIN

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—Everything indicates that Britain will be called upon, to meet the greatest siege in history of man, declared the United States Ambassador to London, Mr. Joseph Kennedy, in broadcasting an appeal to America for funds for the American Red Cross in Britain.

The war has come to Britain. This island now faces all the danger and misery which swept over Poland, Finland, Norway, Belgium and France.

ITALIAN "SUB" SUNK

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—An Admiralty communiqué states that another Italian submarine has been sunk by the British. The light forces operating under the Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies.

Mr. G. Bratt will address the Hongkong Rotary Club at its weekly tiffin meeting today on "Modern Methods of Building Construction." The talk will be illustrated by a cinema film.

LET US FIGHT ON, SAIGON URGES

SAIGON, June 24 (Reuter)—There was a demonstration outside the British Consulate at Saigon yesterday when crowds called for acceptance by France of the British offer for the Franco-British Union for France to continue the struggle.

The British Consul, in a short speech, said that France is still alive and Britain would do everything in her power to assist her to victory.

French Stop Fighting

ALSACE - LORRAINE BATTLE ENDS

BERLIN, June 24 (Reuter)—A German communiqué states that the Battle in Alsace-Lorraine ended on June 22 with the capitulation of the French armies which were surrounded. The communiqué adds, that this victory served to overpower the last forces of the French army which were still fighting.

Over 500,000 prisoners were taken, including the commanders of the Third, Fifth and Eighth Armies. On the Atlantic coast our troops reached Larochelle and captured the French naval base of St. Nazaire, the booty including many armoured cars.

In the Rhone Valley our troops forced a passage across the Rhône at the edge of the Savoy Alps, south-west of Geneva.

The communiqué further claims that off the French coast five merchant ships, between 3,000 and 10,000 tons, were damaged by bombs. A 10,000-ton transport and another of 4,000 tons were sunk, and one of the German submarines sank a tanker of 16,000 tons which was attached to a convoy.

BELGIANS WILL FIGHT ON

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—The Belgian Minister, M. Jasper, broadcasting from London, denied that the Belgian Government, exiled in Portugal, had decided to stop fighting. On the contrary the war for the liberation of Belgium continued.

He had come to England to ensure this, and he hoped his colleagues will join him. The place of the Belgians was beside the British.

"We shall bring them considerable resources which are still ours in Europe and in the Congo where the Belgian flag still flies."

DISCUSSING POSSIBLE INVASION OF BRITAIN, CAPT. CYRIL FALLS SAYS

"THE MAIN ADVANTAGES ARE ON OUR SIDE"

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—"We know that we will have to face all sorts of problems, and some of them very difficult," said Capt. Cyril Falls, military correspondent of the Times, in a broadcast talk yesterday.

Capt. Falls said he was not going to talk about world strategy or Mediterranean strategy, however, but something about the defence of Great Britain.

"We have some assets," he said. "We have saved from wreck seven out of every eight men of the first British Expeditionary Force and also the second B.E.F. which was sent to the aid of France just after the great battle began."

"We have saved the personnel of the bases established far down the south-west and we have saved a lot of equipment. We have saved that part of the Royal Air Force that was sent to France and we have at present a greater number of trained and proved troops than at any time in our history."

"On the other hand," he continued, "we have lost some of the heavy equipment of the first B.E.F. and we have lost a lot of base stores which could not be withdrawn. We have lost some aircraft, damaged and gutted aerodromes for which there were no repair facilities and we have lost some light craft which were sunk during the evacuation from Dunkirk."

"We now see the enemy with the whole of Western Europe's coast. In his grasp from the arctic Norway to the estuary of the Loire."

ENEMY OUTFLANKS US

"The enemy outflanks us from Norway and still more from Britain. Not everyone realises, until the map is studied, that Brest which the Germans have entered, is further west than Plymouth and almost as far west as Land's End."

"For the first time since the war began the enemy has launched heavy air attacks on Britain although so far without results proportionate to the efforts."

"The enemy will probably try an invasion."

FLAT STRETCHES, BUT...

From the Thames Estuary to the Humber, the whole coast is flat with wide, sandy beaches on which small landings are possible while the navy and air force remain in being. He would expect attacks to be made on them first of all, with possible feints against the coast.

The Germans have recklessly sacrificed their aircraft in the recent offensive and although they may be able to replace the lot of them they cannot replace the pilots so easily. They do not possess the magnificent material now being provided by the British Empire and their most highly trained pilots are not equal to ours.

They have not yet produced a fighter to come anywhere near the Defiant, Spitfires and Hurricanes.

The Germans have a very grim fight in front of them if they depend on winning on supremacy of the air.

INHOSPITABLE COAST

Its eastern coast is generally more inhospitable than England's west coast, being extremely rocky and broken.

Capt. Falls does not say that England is ideal for an invasion but he points out that the British internal communications are the best in the world, and mobility is far more important than mountain ranges or deep gorges.

"We cannot be everywhere on a long coastline, but it is better to be quicker everywhere. We know that if we were in the enemy's throats, strong though he be, we would look upon an invasion of Britain as a matter of extreme difficulty."

"Meanwhile, as the Prime Minister has said, Great Britain will cherish the cause of the French people and a British victory is the only hope for the restoration of the greatness of France and the freedom of its people."

Balloon Barrage Takes Toll Of Two Enemy Bombers

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—An Air Ministry communiqué states that a balloon aircraft of daylight attack on the enemy west of Lille.

Despite heavy anti-aircraft fire a series of shallow-dive attacks were made on the hangars as well as on the aircraft on the landing ground.

During the day defensive patrols were flown by our fighters over Paris and the result of an encounter one Meisterschiff 110 was shot down and it is considered that all enemy aircraft were probably destroyed.

"One of our fighters is missing. It is now established that in the course of the night attacks on Malta yesterday two of the seven occupied aerodromes at Merville had the remainder having been hit. There were no British casualties."

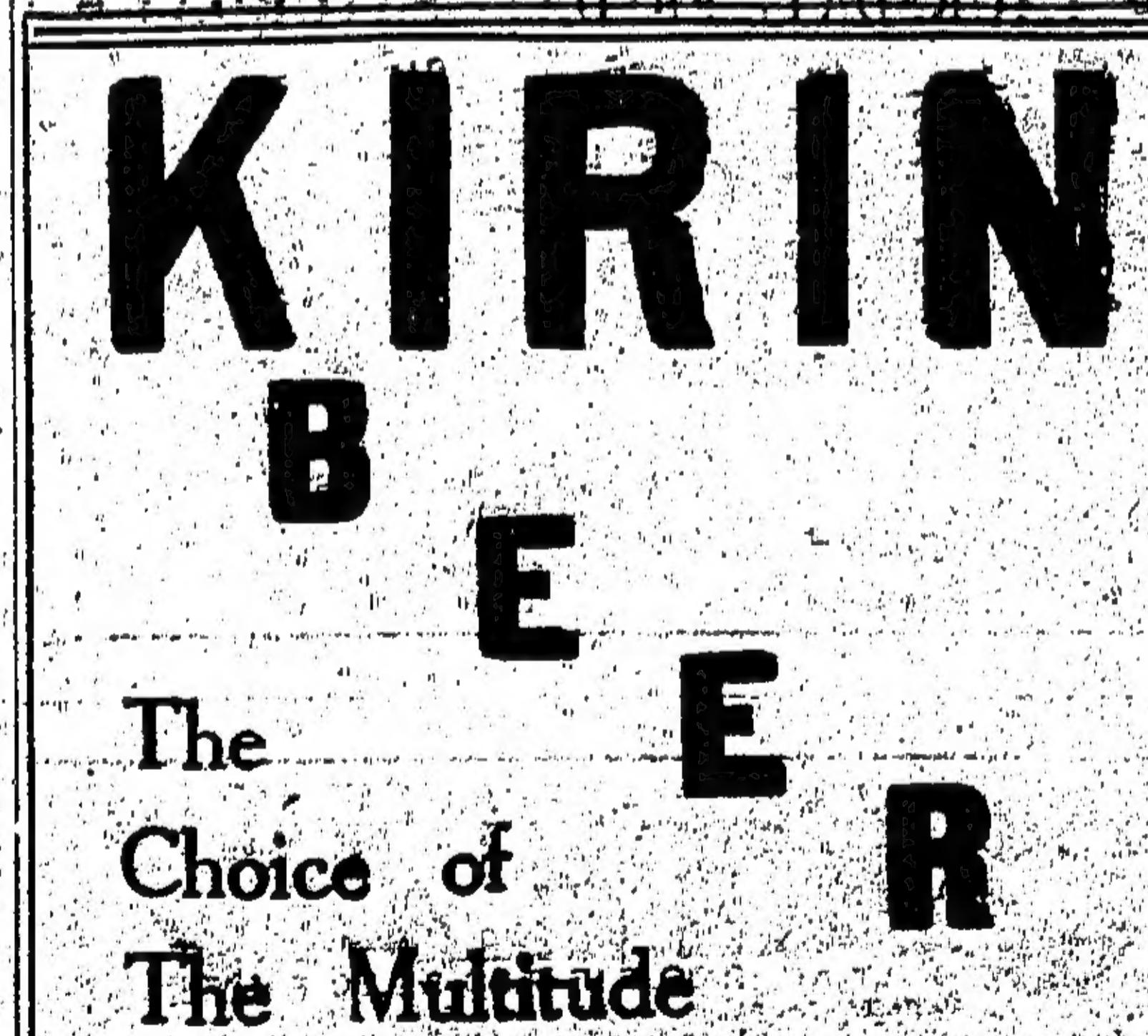


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DRAMATIC EVIDENCE IN WEST POINT MURDER TRIAL: MARRIED WOMAN ON CAPITAL CHARGE

Alleged Hacking To Death Of Concubine In Night

All seating accommodation in the Supreme Court was filled to capacity when hearing was commenced yesterday before the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, of the case in which KWAN LAI-CHUN, 31, married woman, is charged with the murder of LAM LIN-KWAI, concubine, at No. 33 Hee Wong Terrace, West Point.

It was alleged that Kwan hacked to death, with a chopper, not only the concubine, but also her aged mother-in-law, Au Sze, and Chiu Ying-kwai, 11-year-old son of Lam Lin-kwai.

The jury comprised Messrs. M. A. de Carvalho (foreman); Lau Ting, J. A. dos Remedios, K. E. M. Caudron, S. Hassan, L. Tam and Chan Sin-nam.

Mr. J. P. Murphy, Assistant Crown Solicitor, was in charge of the prosecution, assisted by Detective-Inspector L. R. Whant, while Mr. D. J. N. Anderson, instructed by Mr. P. Wynter-Blyth, was for the defence.

It was suggested by the Crown that the accused was also responsible for the death of an aged woman, her mother-in-law, and the 11-year-old boy of the concubine.

Opening the case for the prosecution, Mr. Murphy said that jealousy was believed have been the main motive.

The accused was the tin-fong wife of a man named Chiu Chok. The deceased woman, his concubine, came down to Hongkong two or three years ago. The family resided at No. 33 Hee Wong Terrace, second floor, and included Chiu Chok and the accused; who occupied the first cubicle, the concubine, who occupied a bed space in the passage, and Chiu's mother, who had a bed space in the passage with her son and daughter.

SAW THE NIGHT
The accused and the concubine had frequently quarrelled and on the night of the incident, the two had had another argument.

About 10 p.m. on May 12 when the concubine was sitting on her bed folding some clothing, Wong Mui-lin, daughter-in-law of Chiu, was awakened from her sleep by shouts of "saw life" from the concubine. Wan, who was sleeping nearby, rushed to intervene, but failed to separate the two, and the deceased dropped to the floor after having been attacked by the accused.

Dr. T. K. Lien, medical officer, Queen Mary Hospital, said that Lam was admitted to the hospital on the night of May 12 suffering from multiple cuts. Lam was immediately operated upon, but died at 4:10 a.m. on May 13, six hours after her admission.

Post mortem examination revealed that Lam's body bore no less than 71 chopper wounds in the hands, legs, face and her neck. The skull was fractured in 24 places. The cause of death was haemorrhage, shock and multiple wounds.

Dr. Lien continued that the accused was also admitted to the Hospital on May 13. She was suffering from two superficial scratches in the region of the right temple and small wounds in the left thumb and one just below the right knee. She was discharged on May 20.

PERFECTLY SANE
During her stay in hospital, he found nothing to indicate that the accused was not perfectly sane.

Dr. R. C. Robertson, officer-in-charge of the Victoria Public Mortuary, said that he performed a post mortem on the 11-year-old boy, Chiu Yick-wah on May 13. The cause of death was fracture of skull and a cut throat. The head bore 16 wounds of different lengths. There were lacerated wounds in the neck and the wind-pipe.

In the case of the aged woman, Au Sze, the cause of death was fracture of skull and haemorrhage.

Chiu Pak-kam, manager of the London Confectionery, and a friend of the accused's husband, said that on May 12 both the accused and her husband, Chiu Chok, came to his shop and together they went out to tea. During tea, Chiu Chok mentioned to accused that since she and the concubine were always quarrelling, she had better go to the S.C.A. to seek a decision for maintenance or separation. The accused cried.

TOO PARTIAL

Wun Mui-lin, daughter-in-law of Chiu Chok, said that there had been quarrelling between the accused and the concubine almost every

ROUND THE POLICE COURTS

AT CENTRAL

TAILOR'S LAPSE

Charged with larceny by bailee, between January 1 and June 23, of a long fur coat, a tailor, Tai Wank-yuen, 33, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment by Mr. Edwards at the Central Magistracy yesterday. The coat, valued at \$300, was the property of Tsang So-lan, 19, spinster, of 94 Wellington Street.

The case for the prosecution was that on January 1, complainant took the coat to the defendant to be altered. On February 2, when complainant called for the coat, defendant stated that it was not yet finished and requested more material. Since then, complainant called on several occasions but was always put off.

On March 17, when complainant again visited the shop, defendant said that the coat had been stolen by one of his fokis who had absconded to Shanghai. Defendant promised to send a man to Shanghai for the coat. Following that visit defendant removed his shop from 49 Elgin Street to Hollywood Road.

Several months later, on June 21, complainant was told by one of defendant's fokis that the coat was not stolen but had been sold by defendant and the money realized had been used by defendant to pay off some debts. Complainant made a report to the Police and the defendant was arrested.

CONTINUED TO CHOP
The accused continued to chop despite my interference. I dared not to look. During the fight the accused was the aggressor." Sgt. J. Cullinan prosecuted.

TOO DRUNK TO KNOW ANYTHING

Hearing was adjourned to Friday, June 28, when Li Man Tung, 31, painter, was charged before Mr. H. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy yesterday on two counts of behaving in a disorderly manner while drunk and with assaulting a Police officer.

Insp. Portallion, for the Police, stated that Sgt. V. M. Morrison was in hospital and would be out in a day or two. Mr. Sheldon, in making the adjournment, said that assaulting a Police officer in the execution of his duty was a serious offence.

A plea of not guilty was recorded when defendant stated in Court yesterday that at the time of the incident he was too drunk to realize what he was doing. Defendant is on bail of \$50.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT
Li Kok-ku, 20, unemployed, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment by Mr. R. Edwards at the Central Magistracy yesterday. He was charged with larceny of three \$10 notes from Cheung Chau, at the Luk Kwok Hotel.

On another count of breach of the Déportation Ordinance defendant was sentenced to another six months' imprisonment, the sentences to run consecutively.

Sgt. Cochrane, prosecuting, stated that at 10 a.m. on Saturday three men, one of whom was the defendant, went to the G.P.O. and

switch off the light. Having done this, she was returning to her room the second time and while nearing her cubicle the concubine attacked her.

Witness saw a boy lying on a bed with his throat cut and an old woman on the floor just under a camp bed.

About 15 minutes after his arrival, Chiu Chok, accused's husband, came home, and witness heard the accused say to Chiu, "I have taken my revenge. I have killed all your people by chopping them together."

Questioned by Mr. Anderson, Kan Wal, private watchman, said that when he got to the house he saw the accused holding a chopper in her hand. The accused said to him that the deceased tried to get the husband to divorce her and she had cut her (the concubine) with a chopper. The accused, went on Kan, said, "I snatched the chopper from her and having cut them all to death I am prepared to die myself." He then took the chopper from the accused.

Witness saw a boy lying on a bed with his throat cut and an old woman on the floor just under a camp bed.

The struggle continued and the two moved to the concubine's bed. Accused fell onto the bed with the concubine still attacking her with the chopper. Lam's son got up and Lam cut him thinking that he was chopping her.

After Lam had cut her son, the accused said she succeeded in smashing away the chopper. When Lam tried to take it back, accused chopped her once.

DID NOT KNOW
Accused continued that she did not know how many times she had struck Lam, but knew that she had been chopping Lam during the struggle. Lam fell and was squatting on the floor when "I became afraid at the time and did not know what to do. I chopped at her at random. When she did not resist anymore I put down the chopper."

Hearing was then adjourned until this morning.

stood in front of the stamp counter. Defendant then placed a handkerchief over complainant's pocket and another man extracted the money.

SNATCHER CAUGHT

Two months' imprisonment was imposed on Wah Nam, 21, coolie, when he appeared before Mr. H. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy yesterday on a charge of snatching a handbag from Wong Wah, 20, spinster.

It was stated that at about 6 p.m. on Sunday complainant was walking along Stubbs Road when defendant came from behind and snatched the handbag. The alarm was raised and defendant was arrested by some pedestrians.

JUNK MASTER FINED

Kwok Hung, 65, master of junk No. 927Y, was fined \$10, in default, a month's hard labour, when he appeared before Mr. E. Hinsworth on a charge of larceny of a 20-lb. bag of cement from the Kowloon Godown wharf on Saturday.

POSSESSION OF PEPPER

How two unknown European boys had come very near to becoming the victims of a Chinese who was following them with some alleged ulterior motive was related by Det.-Sgt. Bethel when he prosecuted Wong 18, before Mr. E. Hinsworth.

At 8:30 p.m. on Saturday, Sgt. Bethel said a Chinese constable saw defendant following the boys in a suspicious manner in Austin Road, and decided to investigate the matter. He stopped and searched defendant and found on his person a package of pepper and a razor blade.

For the unlawful possession of these things, Wong was sentenced to three months' hard labour.

THEFT OF BRASS

Charged with the theft of a quantity of brass window fittings, the property of Mr. L. H. G. Frost, of No. 134 Argyle Street, on Saturday, Wong Kam-chui, 17, was fined \$10, or one month's hard labour, by Mr. E. Hinsworth yesterday.

Wong was arrested in Reclamation Street by a detective, who saw him attempting to sell the fittings to a marine hawker. When questioned, accused admitted theft.

PORTUGUESE YOUTH COMMENDED

A Portuguese boy, F. J. Santos, was warmly commended by Mr. Q. A. A. Macfadyen at Kowloon Court yesterday for his act of giving chase to and arresting a snatcher in Hamilton Street on Saturday.

Det.-Sgt. C. Pope, who prosecuted, said that defendant in the case was the sixth boy Santos had caught, who was subsequently charged with larceny by snatching.

On another count of breach of the Déportation Ordinance defendant was sentenced to another six months' imprisonment, the sentences to run consecutively.

Sgt. Cochrane, prosecuting, stated that at 10 a.m. on Saturday three men, one of whom was the defendant, went to the G.P.O. and

switch off the light. Having done this, she was returning to her room the second time and while nearing her cubicle the concubine attacked her.

Witness saw a boy lying on a bed with his throat cut and an old woman on the floor just under a camp bed.

The struggle continued and the two moved to the concubine's bed. Accused fell onto the bed with the concubine still attacking her with the chopper. Lam's son got up and Lam cut him thinking that he was chopping her.

After Lam had cut her son, the accused said she succeeded in smashing away the chopper. When Lam tried to take it back, accused chopped her once.

DID NOT KNOW
Accused continued that she did not know how many times she had struck Lam, but knew that she had been chopping Lam during the struggle. Lam fell and was squatting on the floor when "I became afraid at the time and did not know what to do. I chopped at her at random. When she did not resist anymore I put down the chopper."

Hearing was then adjourned until this morning.

The prosecution quoted the ship's captain as saying that the defendant ought not to have been on board, unless he had a written permission from the Company.

In reply to a question put by the defendant from the J. C. J. L. giving him permission to board the company's ship.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ADVERTISEMENT

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG.

PROBATE JURISDICTION.

IN THE GOODS of WALTER GRAHAM REYNOLDS of 19 New Road, Chatham in the County of Kent in the United Kingdom deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court has by virtue of the provisions of Section 58 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1897 made an order limiting the time for creditors and others to send in their claims against the above estate to 19th July, 1940.

All Creditors and others are accordingly hereby required to send their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

DEACONS,
Solicitors for the Executor,
1, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hong Kong.

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The Daily Press
報西劍子

Editorial and Business Office:
15-19, Queen's Road Central,
Tel. 30251.

Night Editor (Wanchai Office):
Tel. 24511.

London Office: 53, Fleet Street
E.C.4.

HONGKONG, JUNE 25, 1940.

WHY DEMOCRACY MUST WIN

THE VERY SEVERITY of the terms which Herr Hitler has imposed on France—terms which are likely to be even more harshly copied by his Italian counterpart—has furnished the world with the clearest proof, if such proof was ever needed, of why Democracy must prevail and why the Totalitarian system must be crushed and overthrown. The acceptance of the shameful demands made on France will, as the British Prime Minister pointed out on Sunday night, place the whole French Empire entirely at the mercy of these two European dictators, who would not hesitate to use its entire resources for the fulfilment of the foul purpose which they have undertaken. The vague promises which the German Fuehrer is holding out in the terms he has drawn up scarcely conceal the deceit and guile of German diplomacy. The reference to this contemptible Nazi characteristic, and the promise made that the French Navy would not be used in the Nazi campaign against Britain is worth no more today than all Herr Hitler's previous words and assurances which have been flagrantly broken whenever it suited him to do so. Indeed, the one sentence in the whole humiliating document which has been handed to France and which permits the Nazi leader to revoke the entire agreement, indicates how far ahead he looked when he drew up his terms.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. P. SHERRY,
Manager.

Hong Kong, 11th June, 1940.
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NOTICE.

HONG KONG TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Interim Dividend.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of FOUR per cent (4%) for the six months ending 30th June, 1940, amounting to FORTY cents per share on the Fully Paid Up Shares and TEN cents per share on the Partly Paid Up Shares of the Company will be paid on MONDAY the 8th July, 1940, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Registered Office of the Company, Exchange Building, 4th floor.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 26th June to SATURDAY, 6th July, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. P. SHERRY,
Manager.

Hong Kong, 11th June, 1940.
345

What do you want?

If there is anything you want to buy or sell, try a small Classified advertisement in the Hong Kong Daily Press.

25 words \$1.50 prepaid
for 3 insertions.

POLICE MAN APPROACHES TO LOWU BRIDGE

Border Situation Reported To Be Normal, Quiet

Except for police personnel manning the approaches to Lowu Bridge, and Japanese sentries on the other side, the situation along the border in the New Territories is normal and quiet. Communications, however, have been severed.

The official announcement by the Japanese that naval aircraft on Sunday assisted in the land operations by bombing Waiyeung and Pingshan confirmed earlier reports that Japanese transports have appeared in Blas Bay. Reconnoitring and bombing operations were also carried out in the vicinity of Tamshui, in the Blas Bay area.

It was learned from authoritative sources that the Japanese force in the border does not exceed 1,000. The Japanese have not yet reached Shataukok and are presumably at Lo Fung awaiting reinforcements before pushing further eastwards.

THOUSANDS OF REFUGEES

Thousands of refugees crossed the border on Saturday and are encamped on the hillsides at San Uk Ling. Farmers in the Shumchun area, forewarned by persistent rumours, have evacuated the area and are at present partly accommodated in the Man Kam To refugee camp and in the neighbourhood of Ta Ku Ling, Lui Po and Lok Ma Chau.

At present the Hongkong authorities have not allotted sites for the settlement of these people and, as soon as these have been granted, measures to make the farmers self-supporting will be put into operation. These will be carried out under the auspices of the Shumchun Rural Welfare Centre. Japanese aircraft machine-gunned Cheuk Mei Village on Saturday and Wong Kin-yung, 27, was wounded. He was brought across the border on Sunday and is being treated at the Kowloon Hospital.

Chinese messages report extensive military action along the Canton Line, several small

considerably. The Colonial territories of Holland, Belgium and France still stand solidly in the democratic bloc, which in the Western hemisphere is led by Britain and the United States and in the east by China, which was the first democratic nation to take her stand against brutal Totalitarian aggression and which has for three long years successfully withstood the attempts to deprive her of independence, liberty and sovereignty. The tragic picture which France presents today might well have been the fate of China if her people had not rallied so magnificently round their leader, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, to uphold those principles of democracy on which he was moulding his country.

DEMOCRACY must win. The issue today is crystal clear and, formidable though the task which confronts them may be, the countries which have based their existence on those principles and which are looking forward to a tranquil world and a permanent and lasting peace will not permit civilisation to collapse under the Totalitarian terror. Apart from the British Empire, which will now bear the brunt of the combined Nazi and Fascist fury and violence, the principal champion of Democracy in the west is the United States, with whom stand the South American republics. With the Dominion of Canada completing the strong fortress of Democracy in the New World, with Australia, New Zealand and India aligned alongside China and the possessions of Britain and France in the Old World, how can the cause for which the Totalitarian gauntlet was taken up fail? The entire resources of these countries are being made available to the British Empire which now faces the ravages of Europe. Material assistance in the shape of planes, guns, metals and food will continue to flow into Britain where the fortress of democracy will be defended. The final outcome cannot be in doubt—Democracy will win.

REFUGEE CAMP.

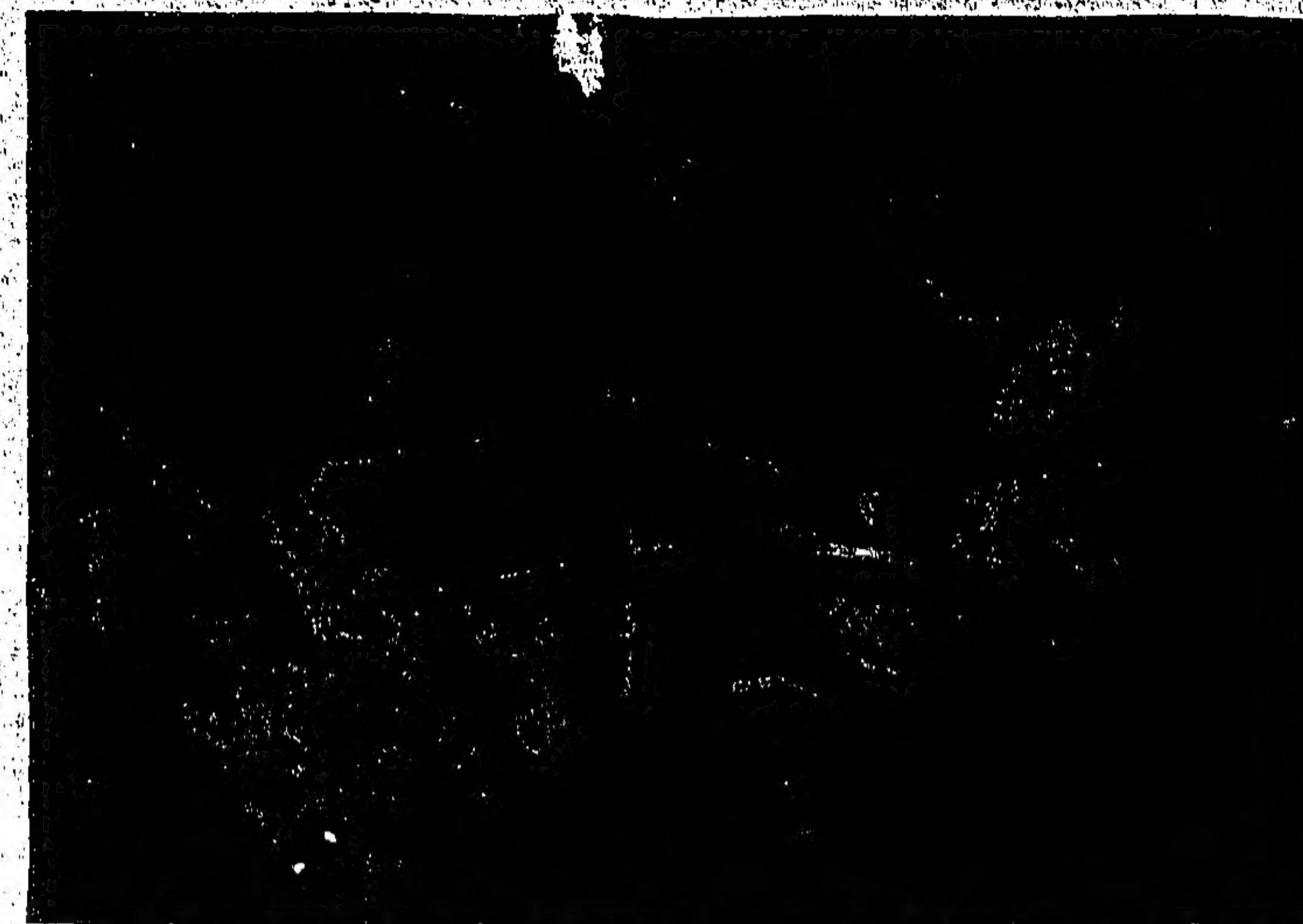
The farmers evacuating from the Shumchun area are partly accommodated in the Man Kam To refugee camp, while others are scattered in the neighbourhood of Ta Ku Ling, Lui Po and Lok Ma Chau.

DONATIONS RECEIVED

As soon as the Hongkong authorities designate the sites at which these people will be allowed to stay the Shumchun Rural Welfare Centre will carry out measures to enable the refugee farmers to maintain themselves by poultry raising and agriculture. In the meantime, poultry and stock will be accommodated at Fanling where seasonal crops are growing and additional land will be put into cultivation.

Yesterday a quantity of milk donated by Mearns Harry Wickings & Co. was distributed to mothers of small babies. A donation of \$100.00 from Mr. Li Chok-lai

and contributions of \$5 each monthly from Mrs. T. K. King and Mr. Ralph Boyd, \$100.00 from the South China Athletic Association and \$20.00 from Wal Young Merchants Club are gratefully acknowledged.



A woman's place may be the home, generally speaking, but "for the duration" generalities won't hold true. The fairer sex, like these young ladies shown working in an aeroplane factory, have taken over much of the work formerly done by men.

NEWSSETTES

Mr. R. C. Butler, of the Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd., arrived in Hongkong yesterday.

Mr. D. W. MacEwen, of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co., Shanghai, arrived in the Colony yesterday.

The week-night meeting of the Hongkong Union Church will be held today at 7.30 p.m.

Mrs. B. Leslie, of the British Embassy Offices, Shanghai, passed through Hongkong yesterday on her way to Penang.

Mr. A. P. Finch, of the Editorial Department, North China Daily News, arrived in Hongkong yesterday from Shanghai.

Mr. T. Wada, of the Asia Steel Works, Shanghai, was a passenger to the North from Hongkong yesterday.

Miss F. Webb, of E.S.E. Huntingdon, Shanghai, was a passenger to Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday.

Mr. A. Segall, of the China Import Trading Co., Shanghai, who was in the Colony, left Hongkong for the North yesterday.

The Hongkong Singers' Concert, in aid of the R.W.O.F., will take place today at the China Fleet Club, at 9.30 p.m.

Mr. J. G. Buis, of the Nederlands Indische Handelsbank, N.V., Hongkong, left for the North yesterday.

Mr. C. E. Wittschiebe, of the Seventh Day Adventist Mission, China Division, left Hongkong for the North yesterday.

Mr. P. Euerlin, managing director, General Motors (China), Ltd., Shanghai, who was in the Colony, left for the North yesterday.

Mrs. M. D. Little, wife of Mr. Little, of the Indo-China S.N. Co., left Hongkong yesterday for the North.

Mr. W. J. Richmond, of Electrical and Musical Industries, Shanghai, was a passenger to the North yesterday from Hongkong.

Mr. E. Turner, of the Shanghai Power Co., was a passenger to the North yesterday accompanied by Mrs. Turner and Miss E. Turner.

A meeting of the Hongkong Branch of the British Medical Association will be held in the Urban Council Chamber at 9.15 p.m. tomorrow.

A War-time Intercession Service, led by Mr. C. E. Thomas, will be held today at St. Andrew's Church, at 6 p.m.

The Australian and New Zealand Association will entertain the Australian Services in the YMCA today at 8 p.m.

The annual meeting of the Hongkong Branch of the Simon-British Cultural Association will be held today at 5.45 p.m. in the Fung Ping Shan Library of the Hongkong University.

This course of training is given on condition that the persons undertaking it are eligible to enter the Air Force Reserve or the Royal Air Force or the Indian Air Force, that they are medically fit and that they guarantee that they will enter the force if required to do so.

We hope, therefore, to have as

TRAINING INDIAN PILOTS: DEFENCE SURVEY

NEW DELHI.—THE PART THAT THE AUXILIARY AIR FORCE PLAYS IN INDIA'S AIR-PREPAREDNESS and the large number of good and gallant pilots available in India were emphasised by the Defence Secretary, Mr. Ogilvie, in his speech in the Central Assembly in the debate on Sir Raza Ali's resolution recently urging the formation of an Indian Air Force manned entirely by Indians and large enough to be commensurate with India's size.

In the formation of the Auxiliary Air Force, said Mr. Ogilvie, the various authorities and bodies connected with flying had co-operated in the most admirable manner.

"The Air Force, the Communications Department, the Civil Aviation Department and the Flying Clubs have all collaborated in the most excellent manner, and we have been able to use all the resources we have in this country in the most efficient and economical way. The result has been that we have been able, not only to form an Indian Air Force Volunteer Reserve but it has become ready for actual duty."

"For some years before the war, the formation of an Indian Air Force Volunteer Reserve was being actively examined. We were held up by financial difficulties, and more particularly by the fact that we had no machines and no money to buy them with, and though there is no doubt that India can produce a large number of good and gallant pilots and observers, they are of no use whatever without aeroplanes."

"A WINDFALL."

Then we had a wind-fall. His Majesty's Government agreed to re-arm a portion of the air forces in India and the aeroplanes in use became available for our Volunteer Reserve. In addition His Majesty's Government have found a part of the other expenditure entailed by the formation of that force.

Now these pilots and mechanics were to have been trained in the volunteer units, but owing to the necessity for auxiliary training as rapidly as possible, one of our regular Air Force squadrons was converted into a training squadron, and the pilots and observers are receiving their training there.

At the same time a technical training school for mechanics was established at Ambala, and both are working to capacity, and from time to time there are fresh admissions. In addition, some Indian pilots have been sent to be trained at the nearest large flying training school. We have, therefore, done, I think, as well as we possibly could do with the means available to us."

FLYING CLUBS.

"The Flying Clubs, meanwhile, are training both beginners and members who have had flying experience. Owing to a subsidy from the Government, this flying training is carried out at an immensely lower cost to the trainees than would otherwise have been the case. Those who have had no flying experience at all are being taught flying very cheaply (for them)."

Continued from Page 2

L/Cpl. N. Whitley, M.M.G. Pl. to be Pte. 21/6/40.

A/Cpl. J. R. Leitch, No. 2 Coy. to be Cpl. 21/6/40.

Pte. V. R. Gordon, No. 2 Coy. to be Cpl. 21/6/40.

Pte. G. A. Leiper, No. 2 Coy. to be Cpl. 21/6/40.

Pte. W. E. MacFarlane, No. 2 Coy. to be L/Cpl. 21/6/40.

Pte. W. Park, No. 2 Coy. to be L/Cpl. 21/6/40.

Sgtm. D. Tolian, Port Sig. Coy. to be Sgt. 21/6/40.

Sgtm. H. J. Fountain, Corps Sig. to be L/Cpl. 21/6/40.

Sgt. I. F. Grant, No. 2 Coy. to be L/Cpl. 21/6/40.

E. N. Thurnby, Captain Adjutant, HKVD. Corps.

STRENGTH-INCREASE.

Mrs. A. E. M. Stapleton—7/6/40.

Mrs. H. C. Harland—2/6/40.

Mrs. E. M. Parker—17/6/40.

Mrs. L. Edmon Potter—18/6/40.

Mrs. S. A. Wentworth Rose—19/6/40.

Mrs. E. M. Gray—15/6/40.

Mrs. A. L. Black—18/6/40.

Mrs. A. A. Tom—18/6/40.

Mrs. E. M. Beavis—18/6/40.

Mrs. J. B. Wentworth—18/6/40.

(Sgt.) Mrs. J. M. S. Braude, Commandant, Nursing Detachment, HKVD. Corps.

These pilots are absorbed in the forces, a succession of batches undergoing this training who will be ready to take their places with the least possible delay."

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—Marshal Petain, broadcasting from Bordeaux, said that the French Government heard Mr. Winston Churchill's statement without stupefaction.

"We understand the anguish Mr. Churchill feels for his country. Mr. Churchill is the judge of the interests of his country but he is not the judge of ours which is still left to the honour of France."

"Our flag remains without a stain. Our army fought bravely and loyally. Inferior arms and numbers forced us to ask for the combat to cease. Nothing can divide the French at the moment when the country suffers. France has not spared her efforts or her blood."

FLEET TO BE RECALLED
German prisoners of war must be released but all French prisoners of war will remain in captivity until peace is signed.

The French Fleet is to be recalled to French territorial waters and there disarmed and interned under German and Italian control in ports to be specified by the German and Italian Governments. Certain part of the fleet which the Germans and Italians will determine, will, it is stated, be left free for the safeguard of French interests in the Colonial Empire.

The armistice will enter into force as soon as the French Government have concluded a similar agreement with the Italian Government. The armistice will be valid until peace is signed but may be denounced at any moment by Germany if the French Government does not fulfil the terms.

ITALY'S DELEGATES
LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—Rome Radio states that the Italian delegates to the armistice talks are Count Ciano, Foreign Minister; Marshal Badoglio, Chief of Staff of the Armed Forces; Admiral Cavagnari, Chief of Staff of the Navy; General Rosati, Chief of Staff of the Army; and General Pricolo, Chief of Staff of the Air Force.

The Italian terms were handed to the French plenipotentiaries at 5.30 p.m., and it is added that the latter are the same delegates who signed the armistice with Germany together with General Parot.

NO ENTRY INTO BORDEAUX YET

BORDEAUX, June 24 (Reuter)—In reply to request from Marshal Petain, Hitler sent him a direct message informing him that German troops would not enter Bordeaux while the Franco-Italian armistice negotiations were proceeding.

COUNCIL MEET

BORDEAUX, June 24 (Havas)—The Council of Ministers met this morning at 8 a.m. to study the armistice proposals made to the French delegates by Italy.

The Council adjourned at 8.45 and resumed at 9.30.

BERLIN COMMUNIQUE

BERLIN, June 24 (Reuter)—A communiqué stated that the Atlantic coast was occupied as far as the mouth of Gironde. La Rochelle and Rochefort are occupied and the district north of Poitiers has been reached.

ITALIANS MAKE FORCED LANDING

BERBERA, June 24 (Reuter)—A large Italian bomber made a forced landing near Zella, the most northerly port of British Somaliland.

The plane was intact and the crew were taken prisoner by a patrol of native irregulars.

TERMS BY GERMANY DEMAND THAT FRANCE MUST DISARM

HITLER SAYS SHE MAY DENOUNCE TRUCE

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—The following summary of the Armistice terms put forward by Germany and substantially accepted by Marshal Petain's Government, was issued by London last night.

Germany will occupy the whole of the Western Coast of France and all territory north of the line from Geneva to Tours. France will pay for the occupation.

French armed forces be demobilised and disarmed. Only a small force in unoccupied France, stated that His Majesty's Government find that the terms of the armistice contravenes the solemn agreements made between the Allied Governments, reducing Bordeaux to a state of complete subjection to the enemy, thus depriving it the right to represent the French people.

His Majesty's Government declares it can no longer regard the Bordeaux Government as the Government of an independent country.

His Majesty's Government has taken note of the proposal to form a Provisional French National Committee, determined on the prosecution of the war, in fulfilment of the international obligations of France.

Preliminary examinations would be completed quickly particularly for those seeking service in the Air Force and Navy and if their services were not required immediately, they would be available for enlistment in the army.

They also had to keep an adequate number of men in the industries which would help the nation to continue the struggle.

Under the special powers granted Parliament, organisation would take place not only to meet the military situation, but to help in keeping up a flow of supplies etc.

Nothing short of that would win the war.

"I have taken steps," continued Mr. Bevin, "to control and use civil labour up to national capacity. This improved organisation for the supply of labour has already resulted in a great speed-up of output and much of the production will now come into use months before it was planned to make use of it.

"As the great calling-up progresses, there will be a wider demand for labour and these men will be transferred to the next essential industries and productions. We shall at the same time be increasing the number of women employed in our munition works."

Mr. Bevin stated that arrangements had been made for the various industries to utilise joint machinery to the fullest possible extent and nothing would be allowed to interfere with the continuous flow of production. He had had to straighten out methods of work in the building and engineering industries and he had issued an order for the establishment in the various industries of a personnel to assist his officers engaged in welfare work and in the transfer of labour from less essential to more vitally important work.

FLOW OF SUPPLIES

"Now that we are facing the danger of an invasion," continued Mr. Bevin, "we know that our first line of defence against the Nazis is the Navy—the wonderful British Navy. The whole world has paid tribute to the manner in which the Navy has tackled every problem which it undertook, whether it was the transport of troops to the fields of war, keeping the seas open for trading ships, or anything else.

"I cannot help feeling grateful to the Navy and the Merchant Service for their devotion to duty and the courage they have displayed. Our security depends upon these men and we are determined to give every ounce of our energy for the maintenance of the Fleet."

Civil labour had organised to make this possible now and there were no lines of demarcation between them now. They were working in a great combination to keep the Navy and the Merchant Service fully supplied.

"I am confident that with the great help you are giving us, help which is ten times more valuable than given today instead of tomorrow, I repeat that I am confident that we will smash the Nazi machine and crush the terrors of darkness and that the free people of the British Commonwealth will in this critical period in world history stand for freedom against tyranny and triumph."

Bordeaux No Longer Recognised

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—A statement broadcast from London in French, stated that His Majesty's Government find that the terms of the armistice contravenes the solemn agreements made between the Allied Governments, reducing Bordeaux to a state of complete subjection to the enemy, thus depriving it the right to represent the French people.

All establishments and stocks must be handed over intact. The same applies to ports, fortifications, naval yards, railways and communications.

All wireless stations in unoccupied territory must stop. The French Government must facilitate the transport of merchandise between Germany and Italy.

FRANCE'S HOPE LIES IN GREAT BRITAIN

NEW YORK, June 24 (Reuter)—"If Germany finally dominates Europe, there can be no French Republic, except as an aching memory of a deathless hope," said the New York Times yesterday.

If an independent France can be restored through British resistance until Germany's downfall, there will be a new start, perhaps, of a fourth republic, possibly an Anglo-French Union like that offered by Britain last week.

Another writer in the same paper says that this is merely the end of the first act. It is because the United States forces in long years reaching eventually to every corner of the world, that the possibility of the struggle in

unoccupied territory will be handed over to the German authorities.

A struggle will be waged until this issue of the world revolution is settled once and for all.

NO HOSTILE ACTION

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—The French Government will not undertake any hostile action with the remaining armed forces. Members of the French Forces are to be prevented from leaving French soil. No material is to be conveyed to Great Britain. No Frenchmen are to serve against Germany in the service of other Powers.

No French merchant shipping is to leave the harbour. Resumption of commercial traffic will be subject to previous authorisation of the German and Italian Governments. Merchant ships outside of France are to be recalled or if it is not possible to go to neutral ports.

No French aircraft are to leave the ground. Aerodromes will be placed under German and Italian control. All foreign aircraft in

unoccupied territory will be handed over to the German authorities.

"I have taken steps," continued Mr. Bevin, "to control and use civil labour up to national capacity. This improved organisation for the supply of labour has already resulted in a great speed-up of output and much of the production will now come into use months before it was planned to make use of it.

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FIRST LINE-NAVY

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darkness and that the free people

of the British Commonwealth will

in this critical period in world

history stand for freedom against

tyranny and triumph."

CEN. GAULLE'S BROADCAST

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter)—Prior to the Government's statement cabled earlier, General de Gaulle, Chief of Military Operations in M. Reynaud's Cabinet, had broadcast from London announcing that a provisional French National Committee would be formed immediately to maintain the independence of France, her honour, common sense, and the supreme interest of their country.

Supreme interest of their coun-

try because this war is not a

Franco-German war that can be

decided by one battle. This is

a world war.

Honour, common sense, and the

supreme interest of their country,

command all free Frenchmen to

continue the struggle wherever

they may be, in whatever way

they can. They must assemble as

great a French force as possible

and wherever possible. Every

French military soldier or every

DETERMINATION TO FIGHT ON

Continued from Page 1
the initiative has passed into our hands.

"Herr Hitler's success has been due to his great fighting machine and made possible by a people made silent by a pitiless Gestapo and haunted by the fear of the concentration camps. The Powers made the mistake of underestimating the strength of his system. They tried to temporise and compromise.

"WE WILL STAND UP TO IT"

"In the mother country, we know what we are up against and we are determined to bring this tremendous evil power to an end. We will stand right up to it despite the dire threats of air attacks and terror.

"Our womenfolk," went on Mr. Bevin, "are responding splendidly and the whole of our man-power is being mobilised to meet the task before us."

Mr. Bevin went on to deal with the progress made in increasing the fighting services. Two-and-a-half million men, he said, in the prime of life, had now registered in the fighting services and in the next month, four more age-groups would be called up in accordance with the plans now being completed.

The delays between registration and calling up had been liquidated and there would now be a much speedier rallying to the colours.

Preliminary examinations would be completed quickly particularly for those seeking service in the Air Force and Navy and if their services were not required immediately, they would be available for enlistment in the army.

They also had to keep an adequate number of men in the industries which would help the nation to continue the struggle.

FLOW OF SUPPLIES

Under the special powers granted Parliament, organisation would take place not only to meet the military situation, but to help in keeping up a flow of supplies etc.

Nothing short of that would win the war.

"I have taken steps," continued Mr. Bevin, "to control and use civil labour up to national capacity. This improved organisation for the supply of labour has already resulted in a great speed-up of output and much of the production will now come into use months before it was planned to make use of it.

"As the great calling-up progresses, there will be a wider demand for labour and these men will be transferred to the next essential industries and productions. We shall at the same time be increasing the number of women employed in our munition works."

Mr. Bevin stated that arrangements had been made for the various industries to utilise joint machinery to the fullest possible extent and nothing would be allowed to interfere with the continuous flow of production. He had had to straighten out methods of work in the building and engineering industries and he had issued an order for the establishment in the various industries of a personnel to assist his officers engaged in welfare work and in the transfer of labour from less essential to more vitally important work.

FIRST LINE-NAVY

"Now that we are facing the danger of an invasion," continued Mr. Bevin, "we know that our first line of defence against the Nazis is the Navy—the wonderful British Navy. The whole world has paid tribute to the manner in which the Navy has tackled every problem which it undertook, whether it was the transport of troops to the fields of war, keeping the seas open for trading ships, or anything else.

"I cannot help feeling grateful to the Navy and the Merchant Service for their devotion to duty and the courage they have displayed. Our security depends upon these men and we are determined to give every ounce of our energy for the maintenance of the Fleet."

Civil labour had organised to

make this possible now and there

were no lines of demarcation be-

tween them now. They were work-

ing in a great combination to keep

the Navy and the Merchant Service

fully supplied.

"I am confident that with the

great help you are giving us, help

which is ten times more valuable

than given today instead of tomor-

row, I repeat that I am confi-

dent that we will smash the Nazi

machine and crush the terrors of

darkness and that the free people

of the British Commonwealth will

in

TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1940.

ACTION FOR LIBEL SUCCEEDS**\$750 Damages Awarded To Herb Company**

An action for libel was brought before Mr. Justice E. H. Williams at the Summary Court yesterday by the Shing Chai Tong Herb Co. following an advertisement published in two vernacular newspapers. Plaintiffs claimed \$1,000 damages.

Judgment for \$750 and costs was awarded the plaintiffs.

The defendants were Poon Ko-sau and Poon Sze-leuk, alias Poon Yuk-sang, of No. 48, Wing Lok St. It was alleged that the latter had caused to be printed in the Kwok Wa Po and the Wah Kiu Yat Po, on Feb. 27, an advertisement saying plaintiffs were of immoral character and without shame; that other persons would not associate with plaintiffs; that the defendants were the originators of a medicine known as Pei Pah Lo, that plaintiffs had produced an imitation of this medicine, thus deceiving the public, and that defendants were the only producers and sellers of the said medicine.

Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., instructed by Mr. E. S. C. Brooks, was for plaintiffs, and defendants were represented by the Hon. Mr. Leo D'Alimada, Jr., instructed by Mr. D. McCallum.

Mr. Potter said the publication of the advertisement was admitted by the defence, and the only issue was whether it referred to plaintiffs and whether the words were defamatory. There was also no attempt for justification by the defence.

OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM
Plaintiffs were a very old established firm of medicine dealers having started business as far back as 1885. Defendants, on the other hand, had only commenced to sell their medicine in Hongkong through an agent sometime last year.

A very substantial business was done by plaintiffs, the turn-over being about \$30,000 a year. One of the Chinese medicines they sold was a lung tonic known as Pei Pah Lo, but the sales of this did not

that commodity was shameless and on a par with the brothel keeper.

SOLD FOR YEARS

Plaintiffs were an old-established firm and had been selling that commodity for years. To suggest that the words in the advertisement were not defamatory was, therefore, utterly impossible.

After pointing out that the action was brought not for the purpose of ruining defendants but only to get rid of the stain of an outrageous libel, Mr. Potter said the partners of plaintiff firm were men of considerable standing in the Colony.

The libel went off counsel, was of a gross character as it said that anyone selling Pei Pah Lo, except those produced by defendants, was dishonest. The result of that in law was that where the words reflected on each and every member of a determinable body then any member of that body could sue. In other words, if a firm of lawyers in Hongkong advertised in the Press that they were the only real lawyers in the Colony and that others were dishonest, any member of the legal fraternity here could sue on that ground.

THE DEFENCE

The defence was that the advertisement did not refer to plaintiffs that the words were not defamatory and that there was no innuendo.

"I shall submit," said counsel, "that the innuendo is established; even if it is not the words in their natural meaning are defamatory. It is the grossest libel you ever read, and we will call 'evidence to prove that those who read it believe that it referred to plaintiffs."

Dealing with the advertisement, counsel said if it was really an advertisement for a lung tonic it had a most remarkable preamble for it began: "Once upon a time there was a brothel keeper who saved his dirty money and then became a merchant." The only possible meaning which could be put on that advertisement was that defendants were the only persons entitled to put on the market anything known as Pei Pah Lo and that any other person who sold

HEALTH RETURNS
The following is a return of notifiable diseases that occurred in the Colony during the 48 hours ended at midnight on June 28.—

Tuberculosis, 36; dysentery, 11, and five of enteric fever.

Tong Shuk-ping, managing partner, besides himself, were Tong Shiu-lin, departmental head of the South-west Trading Co.; Ho Lok-lau, Director of the Tung Wah Hospital and Po Leung Kuk; Ip Tak-cheuk, chief-comptredore of the National City Bank of New York and Edward C. Tong, Director of the Salt Gabelle of Wai On District.

GENERAL**Four Women Defrauded****SHATIN MAN IS CAOLED**

Pleading guilty to a charge that he had defrauded four women of a total of 22 cents on the pretence that he was a forest guard who wanted tea money, Tse Chol, 28, a native of Shatin, was sentenced to three months' hard labour by Mr. Q. A. A. Macfadyen at Kowloon Court yesterday.

Det.-Sgt. Shaw, prosecuting, said that about 6 p.m. on June 17, defendant stopped four women near the 5-mile stone, Tai Po Road, who were carrying dried wood. He told them he was a forest guard and "before they could pass, they would have to give him some tea money."

NOT GOOD ENOUGH

Complainant told him they had no money, to which defendant replied the answer was not good enough and pointed along the road saying that an Indian constable was near who he would ask to arrest them.

Yu Ho, the first complainant, then gave him six cents, and the other three women gave him five, and seven cents respectively. Two children who were with the women gave him two cents apiece.

Complaints of defendant's alleged activities in thus demanding money from the dried wood collectors had been made to the regular forest guards, Sgt. Shaw said, and as a result at the very moment when he was victimising the four women they lay in ambush for him and apprehended him in the act.

DIVING OPERATIONS

Diving operations in Singapore over a small area at 7.5 Cables N. E. of the outer abut Beacon will be in progress until further notice, according to an announcement.

All ships using the Eastern Entrance to Singapore are to proceed as slowly as possible in connection with safety.

The total air journey from San Francisco to Auckland is to be made in five days, as compared with fifteen days by the fastest steamer.

It is anticipated that this service soon after its inauguration will become one of the most important routes on Pan American Airways' star-flung system.

CHUNGKING, June 24 (Reuters)—It is believed that Japan is determined to cut off the communication between China and the outside world through Burma.

Chinese political circles, while admitting the loss of this route, following the French Concessions to Japan over traffic supplies through Indo-China, will be serious, express the confidence of China's ability to carry on the struggle whatever happens.

AIRPORT NEWS**MAILS ONLY FROM AUSTRALIA**

The Imperial Airways plane Dardanus (Capt. Cath and Capt. Garside) arrived at Kai Tak yesterday afternoon bringing 70 kilos of Australian mail only.

There were three passengers: Mr. Sacke, an American citizen, who travelled from Karachi, and the Director of Civil Aviation in Thailand, accompanied by his secretary, from Bangkok.

NEW F.A.A. SERVICE

Pan American Airways announce the inauguration date for the opening of the new South Pacific air service linking San Francisco and New Zealand via Honolulu, Canton Island, and Noumea, French Caledonia.

The first schedule will leave San Francisco on July 12 carrying mail only, but it is anticipated that passengers and air express will be carried within 30 days thereafter.

Great prominence is being given in the United States to the inauguration of this service because New Zealand and Australia represent the fourth largest market for American goods.

The total air journey from San Francisco to Auckland is to be made in five days, as compared with fifteen days by the fastest steamer.

It is anticipated that this service soon after its inauguration will become one of the most important routes on Pan American Airways' star-flung system.

**TEE FOR ONE**

"Jackson, old boy, congratulate me. Kindly slap me on the back."

"Certainly, my dear fellow, but may I ask you why?" "You haven't got engaged, I hope?"

"No, no. This is something really important. I did the foirmonth in one yesterday. A blow in a million! The swipe to end all swipes!"

"But I don't understand. You look as fit as the proverbial Stradivarius. Were there no celebrations?"

"Really and truly. You know, old boy, you ought to keep a bottle of Rose's present the morning after!"

"So, Rose's presents the morning after?"

"Really and truly. You know, old boy, you ought to keep a bottle of Rose's in your locker. Some day even you may do a hole in one!"

"Perhaps I'm dense, but I still don't understand. Forget my bluntness, but what's the danger?"

"Hangover? Haven't you heard? There aren't any nowadays. You just drink Gimlets, or take a long glass of Rose's Lime juice after the jamboree. It's just a question of thermoplastic action as a doctor once described it to me."

"So, Rose's presents the morning after?"

"Really and truly. You know, old boy, you ought to keep a bottle of Rose's in your locker. Some day even you may do a hole in one!"

BRITISH LEGION APPEAL

The Committee of the Hongkong Branch of the British Legion give their full endorsement to the War Fund promoted by the South China Morning Post, Ltd.

The British Legion is an organization of men who served in the last War and has remained in existence in many parts of the world for the purpose of caring as far as possible for ex-Servicemen and their dependents who have temporarily fallen on hard times. One of its implied objectives is to support the British Empire in every possible way, particularly in times of crisis.

The crisis of the present moment is possibly the most serious the Empire has faced in its long history and the local Committee of the British Legion appeal to all sections of the Hongkong community to support the South China Morning Post, Ltd. War Fund to the fullest extent in their power.

FLOATING MINE

The Naval Authorities report a floating mine last seen on June 18 in Lat. 24° 21' N. long 118° 24' E. (approx.).

DIRECTORY & CHRONICLE

of

CHINA,
JAPAN,
MALAYA,
BORNEO,
SIAM,

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KOREA,

INDO-CHINA,

NETHERLANDS INDIES,

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ADDRESS.....

LAMMERT'S AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from The Registrar, Supreme Court.

to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Tuesday, the 25th June, 1940
at 12 o'clock Noon

at their Sales Room, No. 2 Connaught Road, Central, Second Floor, Room No. 205.

THE GOODS AND CHATTELS AT NO. 225, NATHAN ROAD, FIRST FLOOR

Terms: As Customary.

LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

O.J. Action No. 71 of 1940

THE Undersigned have received instructions from The Registrar, Supreme Court

to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Wednesday, the 26th June, 1940
at 12 o'clock (noon)

at their Sales Room, No. 2 Connaught Road Central, Second Floor.

The Valuable Leasehold Property situate at Yuen Long, New Territory, known as No. 22 Hop Yick Street.

Terms: Apply to the Undersigned.

LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Friday, the 28th June, 1940
commencing at 2.30 p.m.

at their Sales Room, No. 35, Han-kow Road, Kowloon.

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE comprising:—

Iron and Teakwood Bedsteads; Divans, Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers, Dressing Tables, Wash Stands, Hatstands, Chesterfield Suites, Sideboards, Dinner Wagons, Dining Tables, Chairs, Teapots, Ice Chests, Desks, Cabinets, Bookcases, Filing Cabinets, Cupboards, etc., etc.

Carpets and Runners, Rugs, Curtains, Mattresses, Caffios, Ornaments, Pictures, Cutlery, Portable and Cabinet Gramophones, E.P., Brass, Porcelain and Glass Ware, Electric Ceiling and Table Fans, Cooking Utensils, etc., etc.

also

A SELECTION OF BLACKWOOD FURNITURE

2 Upright pianos by "Moutrie"
2 Aquariums
4 Radio Sets
1 Radio-tram
1 Typewriter "Royal"
1 Typewriter "Underwood"
1 Typewriter "Underwood" (portable)
1 Grandfather Clock
1 Enlarger "Zeiss"
1 Cinema Projector and Camera
1 Electric Refrigerator "Frigidaire"

On View from Thursday, the 27th June, 1940.

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

LAMMERT'S AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Tuesday, the 25th June, 1940
commencing at 11 a.m.

at Godown No. 31 Lower of The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co. Ltd., Kowloon

for account of concerned
501 bundles Galvanized
Wire Shorts

(all more or less damaged
by sea-water).

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

LAMMERT'S AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

To Sell By

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Tuesday, the 25th June, 1940
commencing at 11.30 a.m.

at their Sales Room, No. 2 Connaught Road, Central, Second Floor, Room No. 205.

26 Sacks Flour
1 Case Dried Fruit
1 Case Vegetable Lard
4 Cases Kraftine

and

A QUANTITY OF FURNITURE
AND SUNDRY GOODS

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

HONGKONG SHARE QUOTATIONS

STOCK EXCHANGE, SHAREROKERS' ASSOCIATION

Buyer	Seller	Date	Nominal	MONDAY 24. JUNE.	Buyer	Date	Nominal
...	\$1200	Bank	...	...	\$100
...	...	276	Do. (Col. Reg.)	Do. (Col. Reg.)	...	...	\$79
...	...	261	Chartered Banks	Chartered Banks	...	...	\$66
...	...	230	Mercantile Banks	Mercantile Banks	...	...	\$58
...	...	212	Bank of East Asia	Bank of East Asia	...	...	\$30
...	...	873	N. C. & S. Banks	N. C. & S. Banks	...	...	\$12
...	Insurance	Insurance	...	...	\$73
...	Compo Insurance	Compo Insurance	...	...	\$60
...	Union Insurance	Union Insurance	...	...	\$18
...	Underwriters	Underwriters	...	...	\$390
...	H. K. Fire	H. K. Fire	...	...	\$160
...	Shipping	Shipping	...	...	\$120
...	Dockers	Dockers	...	...	\$110
...	Wharves, Godowns, etc.	Wharves, Godowns, etc.	...	...	\$98
...	H. K. & K. Wharves	H. K. & K. Wharves	...	...	\$24
...	Provisions (new)	Provisions (new)	...	...	\$184
...	H. K. Dock (Old)	H. K. Dock (Old)	...	...	\$154
...	H. K. Dock (New)	H. K. Dock (New)	...	...	\$154
...	do Rta.	do Rta.	...	...	\$98
...	Shanghai Docks S.	Shanghai Docks S.	...	...	\$17/8
...	Mining	Mining	...	...
...	Kailan	Kailan	...	...
...	Raubs	Raubs	...	...
...	Vannalai Gold Field	Vannalai Gold Field	...	...
...	Hong Kong Mines	Hong Kong Mines	...	...
...	Landia Hotels and	Landia Hotels and	...	...
...	Bridgings	Bridgings	...	...
...	H. K. Hotels	H. K. Hotels	...	...	\$390
...	H. K. Lands	H. K. Lands	...	...	\$330
...	Do. 4% Debentures	Do. 4% Debentures	...	...	\$100
...	Shanghai Lands S.	Shanghai Lands S.	...	...	\$43.20
...	H. K. Realtor	H. K. Realtor	...	...	\$7
...	Humphrys	Humphrys	...	...
...	Chinese Estates	Chinese Estates	...	...
...	Cotton Mills	Cotton Mills	...	...
...	Ewe. (S.)	Ewe. (S.)	...	...	\$34
...	Shai Cotton (S.)	Shai Cotton (S.)	...	...	\$210
...	Yung Shing (S.)	Yung Shing (S.)	...	...
...	Wing On Tuckin (S.)	Wing On Tuckin (S.)	...	...
...	Public Utilities	Public Utilities	...	...
...	Tramways	Tramways	...	...
...	Peak Tram (Old)	Peak Tram (Old)	...	...	\$8
...	Peak Tram (new)	Peak Tram (new)	...	...	\$4
...	Star Ferries	Star Ferries	...	...	\$57
...	Ferry Ferries	Ferry Ferries	...	...	\$22
...	Do. (new)	Do. (new)	...	...	\$640
...	China Lights (O)	China Lights (O)	...	...	\$3
...	China Lights (New)	China Lights (New)	...	...
...	China Lights Rta.	China Lights Rta.	...	...
...	H. K. Electric	H. K. Electric	...	...
...	Macau Electricity	Macau Electricity	...	...
...	Singapore Lights	Singapore Lights	...	...
...	Telephone (old)	Telephone (old)	...	...
...	Telephone (new)	Telephone (new)	...	...
...	Tramways (old)	Tramways (old)	...	...
...	Industrial	Industrial	...	...
...	Cold. Mng. (Ord.)	Cold. Mng. (Ord.)	...	...
...	Cold. Mng. (Prod.)	Cold. Mng. (Prod.)	...	...
...	Cast. Iron	Cast. Iron	...	...
...	Conceal	Conceal	...	...
...	Hoses	Hoses	...	...
...	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	...	...
...	Dairy Farm	Dairy Farm	...	...
...	Do. Milk	Do. Milk	...	...
...	Constructions (old)	Constructions (old)	...	...
...	Constructions (new)	Constructions (new)	...	...
...	Lane Cravat	Lane Cravat	...	...
...	Nanyang Tobacco	Nanyang Tobacco	...	...
...	Silk	Silk	...	...
...	Watches	Watches	...	...
...	Ch. G. P. 1938G 284	Ch. G. P. 1938G 284	...	...
...	Ch. Govt. 4% Loans	Ch. Govt. 4% Loans	...	...
...	Ch. Govt. 5% Loans	Ch. Govt. 5% Loans	...	...
...	H. K. Wing	H. K. Wing	...	...
...	Shai Wing Co	Shai Wing Co	...	...
...	Wing Filing	Wing Filing	...	...
...	Marmans Inv. (L.)	Marmans Inv. (L.)	...	...
...	Marmans Inv. (H.K.)	Marmans Inv. (H.K.)	...	...
...	Wm. Powell	Wm. Powell	...	...
...	Sales to Shanghai	Sales to Shanghai	...	...

HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

VOLUME OF BUSINESS TRANSACTED

FOREIGN MARKETS & QUOTATIONS

MONEY AND EXCHANGE CLOSING QUOTATIONS

JUNE 24, 1940.

On London:	Telegraphic Transfer 1/2 7/8
Bank Bills, on demand 1/3 7/8	Credits 4 months' sight 1/3 1/2
On Shanghai:	On demand 360
On Singapore:	On demand 52 3/4
On Japan:	On demand 96
On India:	Telegraphic Transfer 62 1/2 and demand 1/2
On New York:	Bank Bills, on demand 22 1/2 Credits 60 days' sight 22 7/8
On Batavia:	On demand 43
On Paris:	Bank Bills, on demand 1085 Credits 4 months' sight 1160
On Saigon:	On demand 108 3/4
On Manila:	On demand 46
On Bangkok:	On demand 149 1/2
On Sterling Notes:	Bank Buying Rate 1/3 1/4 Bar Silver per oz. 22 7/16
Shanghai Exchange	Shanghai, June 24 (Reuter). Official T.T. Rates Opening
London	0/3-3/4
New York	5-1/2
Japan	21-1/8
India	20-3/4
Paris	2.65
Hongkong	24-7/8
Sterling	Sellers
Spot	Opening Closing
June	0/3-61/64 0/3-61/64
July	0/3-57/64 0/3-57/64
U.S. Dollars	
Spot	\$6-3/32 \$6-3/32
June	6-3/32 6-3/32
July	5-31/32 5-31/32
Market:	Uncertain.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

(REUTER'S SERVICE)

London, June 21.

The following quotations are the middle prices at the close of the market in London. All quotations are subject to confirmation and no responsibility is assumed for errors in transmission.

War Loan, 34% (Red after 1932)	98 1/2
Canton-Kloko Rly. 5%	8
Chinese 41% Gold Loan 1898 (Brit. Issue)	43
Chinese 5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	43
Chin. 44% Anglo-French Loan, 1908	44
Chinese 5% Crisp Loan, 1912	17
Chinese 5% Reorg. Loan, 1913 (Ldn. Is.)	24
Chinese 8% Ster. Notes, 1925 (Vickers)	8
Chin. Imperial Rly. 5% Loan	56
Honan Rly. 5%	12
Hukuang Rly. 5%, 1911 (L.P. N.Y. Issue)	14
Hukuang Rly. 5%, 1911 (German Issue)	11
Lung Tsing & U. Kai Rly. 5% 1913	11
Shan-Ning-King Rly. 5%	15
Tientsin-Pukow Rly. 5% (Brit. Std.)	9
Tientsin-Pukow Rly. 5% (German Std.)	9
Tientsin-Pukow Rly. 5% (Brit. Std. Supl. Loan)	9
Tientsin-Pukow Rly. 5% (Ger. Std. Supl. Loan)	9
Jap. 5% Ster. Loan, 1907	
Jap. 5% Ster. Loan, 1924	32
Ger. 7% Int'l. Loan, 1924	5
Chartered Bank	61
H.K. & Shai Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	66
H.K. & Shai Bank (Col. Reg.)	72
Chinese Eng. & Mining (bearer)	17/6
Chosen Corporation	6/6
Pekin Syndicate	2
Shai Elec. Constr. Co.	15
Shai Waterworks "A"	14
Union Insurance	25
Gulf Kaitumpong Rubber	15
Allied Ironfounders	9
Asso. & Elec. Industries	31/3
Austin Motors, ord.	8/9
Gibie & Wireless, New	
Form. ord.	32
B-A. Tob. (bearer)	67/8
Mercantile Bank	12

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATION (REUTER'S SERVICE)

JUNE 23, 1940.

STOCKS	Last Sale June 22	STOCKS	Last Sale June 22
Adams Express	53	Kennecott Copper	28
Alleghany Steel Co.	22 1/2	Lakey Foundry & Mac.	33
Allied Stores	53	Libby-Owens-Ford Glass	33 1/2
Allis Chalmers	27 1/2	Lockheed Aircraft	26 1/2
Aluminum Ltd.	55*	Loew's Inc.	23 1/2
Amer. Can.	98*	Loft Incorporated	25
American Cyanamid Co.	32 1/2	Mack Truck Inc.	20*
Amer. & Foreign Power	14	Martin, Glen L.	29
Amer. & Foreign Pif.	15	McKesson & Robbins, pif.	20 1/2
American Gas & Elec.	31 1/2	Monsanto Chemical	91 1/2
Amer. Locomotive	13 1/2	Montgomery Ward	39
Amer. Metals Co.	13 1/2	National Aviation	10*
Amer. Radiator	6	Nat. Dairy Products	13 1/2
Amer. Rolling Mill	11 1/2	Nat. Distillers	20*
Amer. Sting and Riving Co.	37	National Gypsum	61
Amer. Sugar Refining	15	National Lead	16 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	15 1/2	Nat. Power & Light	7 1/2
Amer. Tobacco "B"	75 1/2	National Steel Corp.	53
Amer. Waterworks	9	National Supply Corp.	53
Anaconda Copper	21	New York Central	11 1/2
Atchison, T. & S. Fe.	16 1/2	Niagara Hudson Power	47
Aviation Corp.	51	N. American Aviation	17 1/2
Bacock & Wilcox	24 1/2	North American Co.	19 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive	15 1/2	Northern Pacific	57
Baltimore & Ohio	32	Owens-Illinoi Glass Co.	46*
Barber Asphalt Co.	10*	Pacific Gas & Elec.	28 1/2
Barnsdall Oil	7 1/2	Pacific Lighting	38 1/2
Bell Aircraft Corp.	3 1/2	Packard Motors	31
Bendix Aviation	28 1/2	Pan-American Airways	14
Bethlehem Steel	75 1/2	Paramount Pictures	51
Bliss & Co.	15 1/2	Pennsylvania R.R.	18 1/2
Boeing Airplane Co.	14 1/2	Philips-Dodge	23 1/2
Borg-Warner	15 1/2	Philadelphia Read. Coal	5 1/2
Bridgeport Brass Corp.	8 1/2	Phillips Petroleum	31 1/2
Briggs Mfg.	17 1/2	Pittsburg Coke & Iron	62*
Brooklyn-M'hattan Trans.	38*	Public Service of N.J.	35
Budd M'facturing Corp.	38*	Pullman Inc.	20 1/2
Canadian Pacific R'way	31	Case, J.I.	49 1/2
Carless	29	Radio Corp. of Am.	48
Chesapeake & Ohio	36 1/2	Remington Arms Co., Inc.	11 1/2
Chrysler Corp.	83 1/2	Republic Aviation Corp.	47
Climax-Molybdenum Co.	28 1/2	Republic Steel	17 1/2
Colts Patent Fire-Arms	75*	Revere Corp. & Brass Inc.	9*
Columbia Gas & Elec.	6	Reynold Tobac. "B"	36 1/2
Columbia 6% "A" pf.	74*	Richfield Oil	74
Commercial Credit Co.	28 1/2	Safeway Stores	41
Com. & Southern (Ord.)	12	Schenley Distillers	87
Consolidated Edison	27 1/2	Sears Roebuck	72 1/2
Consolidated GU	68	Shell Union Oil	90
Continental Can	40 1/2	Socimi-Vacuum Oil	81
Continental Oil	17 1/2	Southern Pacific	83
Copperweld Steel	18 1/2	Southern Ry \$5 pfd.	18 1/2
Corn Products	49 1/2	Sperry	38
Curtiss Wright (C.)	72	Spicer Manufacturing Co.	28 1/2
Curtiss Wright "A"	24 1/2	Standard Brands	54
Deere & Co.	15 1/2	Standard Oil of California	14
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	14 1/2	Standard Oil of N.J.	32 1/2
Douglas Aircraft	72	Stone & Webster	8
Du Pont de Nemours	160 1/2	Studebaker Com.	7
Eagle Picher Lead	82*	Swift International	18 1/2
Eaton Mfg. Co.	23 1/2	Technicolor	94*
Elec. Autolite	31	Elec. Bond & Share	6
Elec. Bond & Share \$5 pf.	55	Texas Corp.	38 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share \$8 pf.	64 1/2	Texes Gulf Sulphur	30 1/2
Elec. Power & Light \$7 pf.	29	Trans-Amex Co.	44
Flak Rubber	10*	20th Cent. Fox	5
Flintkote	12 1/2	20th Cent. Fox \$1 1/2 pf.	16 1/2
Gen. American Trans.	44 1/2	Union Bag & Paper Corp.	11 1/2
Gen. Electric	32	Union Carbide & Carbon	70
Gen. Motors	43 1/2	Union Pacific	77 1/2
Gen. Railway Signal	11 1/2	United Aircraft	38 1/2
Gen. Tire & Rubber	12 1/2	United Airlines Trans.	16 1/2
Ghiden Co.	12	United Corp.	21
Goodrich (B.F.R.)	12 1/2	United Corp. \$3 cum pf.	33 1/2
Goodrich \$5 pf.	49*	United Gas Corp.	14
Goodyear Tire & Co.	15 1/2	United Gas Improvement	11 1/2
Great Northern Iron Ore	14	U.S. Industrial Alcohol	17*
Great Northern Rly. pfd.	21 1/2	U.S. Rubber	20 1/2
Great Western Sugar	21*	U.S. Rubber \$8 pfd.	83
Greyhound Corp.	11 1/2	U.S. Steel	53
Hercules Powder Co.	88	Vanadium	32
Homestake Mining	45 1/2	Vultee Aircraft	74*
International Harvester	37 1/2	Walworth Co.	34
Int. Nickel	21 1/2	Warner Bros. Pict.	21
Inter. Paper & Power	13	Westinghouse Elec.	92 1/2
Int. Tel. & Tel.	3 1/2	Woodward Iron Cor.	23 1/2
Johns-Manville	52*	Chase National Bank	59*
National City Bank	—	Business Day — Nominal	—

—mid. —ex. div.

DOW JONES AVERAGE

1938/40

High Low Dow Jones Averages

June 21, 1940

Change

155.98 111.84 20 Industrials

35.90 28.18 20 Rail.

27.70 18.02 20 Utilities

52.88 53.08 42 Banks

68.67 45.88 11 Commodity Index

58.50

139.01 121.08 122.32 156.63

25.63 25.52 26.42 25.63

91.15 91.05 91.15 91.10

68.40 68.40 68.40 68.40

58.50 58.50 58.50 58.50

Business Day — Nominal

Change

52.88 53.08 42 Banks

68.67 45.88 11 Commodity Index

58.50

139.01 121.08 122.32 156.63

25.63 25.52 26.42 25.63

91.

PRESIDENT LINER



Sailings

HONGKONG to SINGAPORE direct
First week in July.

HONGKONG to SAN FRANCISCO direct
Last week in June.

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
"ROUND-WORLD SERVICE"
AGENTS FOR TRANSCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR
AND UNITED AIR LINES
12, PEDDER ST. TEL. 28171.



AFRICA

Our vessels to Liverpool are now
proceeding via Singapore, Colombo,
Bombay, DURBAN, CAPE TOWN,
Casablanca and Lisbon.

A SAILING FROM HONGKONG THIS WEEK.

Passenger and Freight accommodation
still available.

Complete Information From Your Agent or:

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA

KING'S BUILDING Telephone 38291.
General Passenger Agents in the Orient for
CUNARD WHITE STAR LINE

TRAVEL A.-O. LINE To AUSTRALIA

Calling at Manila, Thursday Island, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne, etc.

NEXT SAILING
END OF JULY, 1940.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

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1, Connaught Road.



SAILINGS FOR SWATOW, AMOT & FOOCHEW & RETURN
Subject to alteration without notice

KWANGCHOWWAN-HONGKONG SERVICE

Sailings Twice Weekly from Hong Kong

By Daylight & Night

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.,
General Managers

E. & O. Building

Tel. Nos. 2807 and 2808.

PASSENGERS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

The following passengers left for the north yesterday:

Mr. J. G. Buis, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Williams, Mr. C. E. Witschke, Mr. P. Buerin, Mr. H. Kobrin, Mrs. M. D. Little, Mr. H. Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. K. G. McNab, Mr. W. J. Richmond, Mr. and Mrs. E. Turner, Miss B. Turner.

ARRIVALS
The following arrived in Hongkong yesterday:

Mr. R. C. Butler, Mr. Lee Wing-san, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Sturges-wells, Mr. E. H. Wethey, Mr. D. W. MacEwen, Mr. R. C. Karanachand, Mr. C. S. Fan, Mr. Woo Check-lim, Mr. Kan Kwan, Mr. O. Joshua, Mrs. Chu Mac-yun, Capt. S. G. Taylor, Mr. Lee Zoon-hwa, Mr. Woo Chong-yeo, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Liu, Mr. T. Wong, Mrs. B. F. Leslie, Mr. and Mrs. Barban Singh, Mr. Lau Tsung-kye, Mr. Yang Hung-shan.

FROM THE NORTH

A British ship from the North brought the following passengers to the Colony:

Mr. A. P. Finch, Mrs. Alice Herlofson, Mr. L. de Silva Loh, Mr. Paul Prebet, Mrs. Nina Smith, Miss C. M. Tennison, Mr. R. H. Gill, Mr. K. E. Mawby, Mr. P. L. Mercer.

Mr. R. R. Sollberger, Mr. C. Stubblefield, Mr. W. L. Wilson, Mr. J. F. Casey, Mr. D. H. Eastin, Mr. A. Krekan, Mr. D. A. Mele, Mr. O. O. Watne.

Only seven arrived by a Japanese ship from the South:

Mr. Ian Fairweather, Mr. Victor Garcia, Mr. Benjamin Lang, Mr. Ame Madar, Mr. William Youngblood, Mr. Alan Raymond, Miss Katherine O'mannay.

IN TRANSIT

Of the total of 134 passengers in transit aboard the Japanese ship, the following were European:

Mr. Vladimir Chernoff, Mr. Ramon Donato, Miss Maria Gollsch, Mr. Hervey Lane, Mr. John Meagher, Miss Minnie Meagher, Mrs. Violetta Semplicini, Miss Strethera Semplicini, Mr. Arsenio Villanueva, Miss Theresa Weckle.

DEPARTURES

Those who embarked on board the Japanese ship for Northern ports were:

Mr. W. D. Ball, Mr. Khun-Chao Chhi, Mr. Narotam Bass, Mrs. Tomi Ikeda, Mr. T. Kyuno, Miss J. Miura, Mr. R. Magnus, Mrs. H. Nakamura, Mr. E. K. Pedersen, Mr. U. Utinami.

The full list of those who departed on another Japanese liner for Northern ports is as follows:

Miss Y. Abe, Mr. F. A. Abraham, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. D. Almeida, Miss Gertrude R. Bayless, Mrs. L. Baumann and four children, Miss Maria M. Camlinong, Mrs. A. Carvalho, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilcar Cers and three children.

Mr. Victor V. Cherikoff, Mr. Horace Dyer Crist, Miss Rose Dickson, Mr. H. S. Dunn, Miss S. Emoto, Mr. A. H. Esman, Mr. Felino Ch. Fernando, Mr. Jose Ch. Fernando, Mr. and Mrs. Romeo Gasparini, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Grant, and four children.

Mr. Walter W. Greb, Mr. Y. Hayashi, Mr. Y. Honma, Mr. E. Sui Kim Ho Tung, Miss Mary Ho Tung, Mr. S. Ito, Mrs. Paz Villar Jarrett, Miss Paetta Jarrett and child, Mrs. Lena H. Joels, Mr. and Mrs. T. Kajihara, Mr. and Mrs. Y. Ma-

HOLIDAY HOURS

Monday, July 1, 1940, having been declared a General Holiday, both the Entry and Clearance Office as well as the Merchant Marine Office will be open from 10 a.m. to 12 noon, on that day only, while the Junk Office will be open from 11 a.m. to 12 noon, according to notice by the Harbour Master.

Shoal Patch Dredged

Issued by the Naval Authorities, a notice to mariners states that the shoal patch at Singapore, Keppel Harbour, Selat Sengkang, has been dredged, and there is now a minimum depth of 19 feet at M. L. W. S.

The dredger "Tembakul" will shortly cease work and no further notice will be given. The Military Pier at Tanjong Rhu will shortly be extended by 48 feet and the Pier Head will be enlarged. No further notice will be given.

Previous notices, No. 34/1940 of Jan. 26, and No. 65/1940 of March 4 are accordingly cancelled.

HARBOUR OFFICE NOTICES

MARINERS PLEASE NOTE!

"The attention of Mariners, Shipowners and all others concerned is drawn to the necessity for strict observance of Hongkong notices to Mariners as issued locally."

Transported forms of Local Notices issued from other sources may differ in important detail from those published by the Harbour Office, and where discrepancies occur, the Hongkong notice should be invariably followed," according to an announcement issued by Commandant G. F. Hole, the Harbour Master.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES

SERVICES CONTRACTUELLES DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

CONSIGNER NOTICE

THE S.S.

BRINGING CARGO FROM MAZERILLE, via SAIGON.

CONSIGNEES are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the godowns of the Hong Kong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

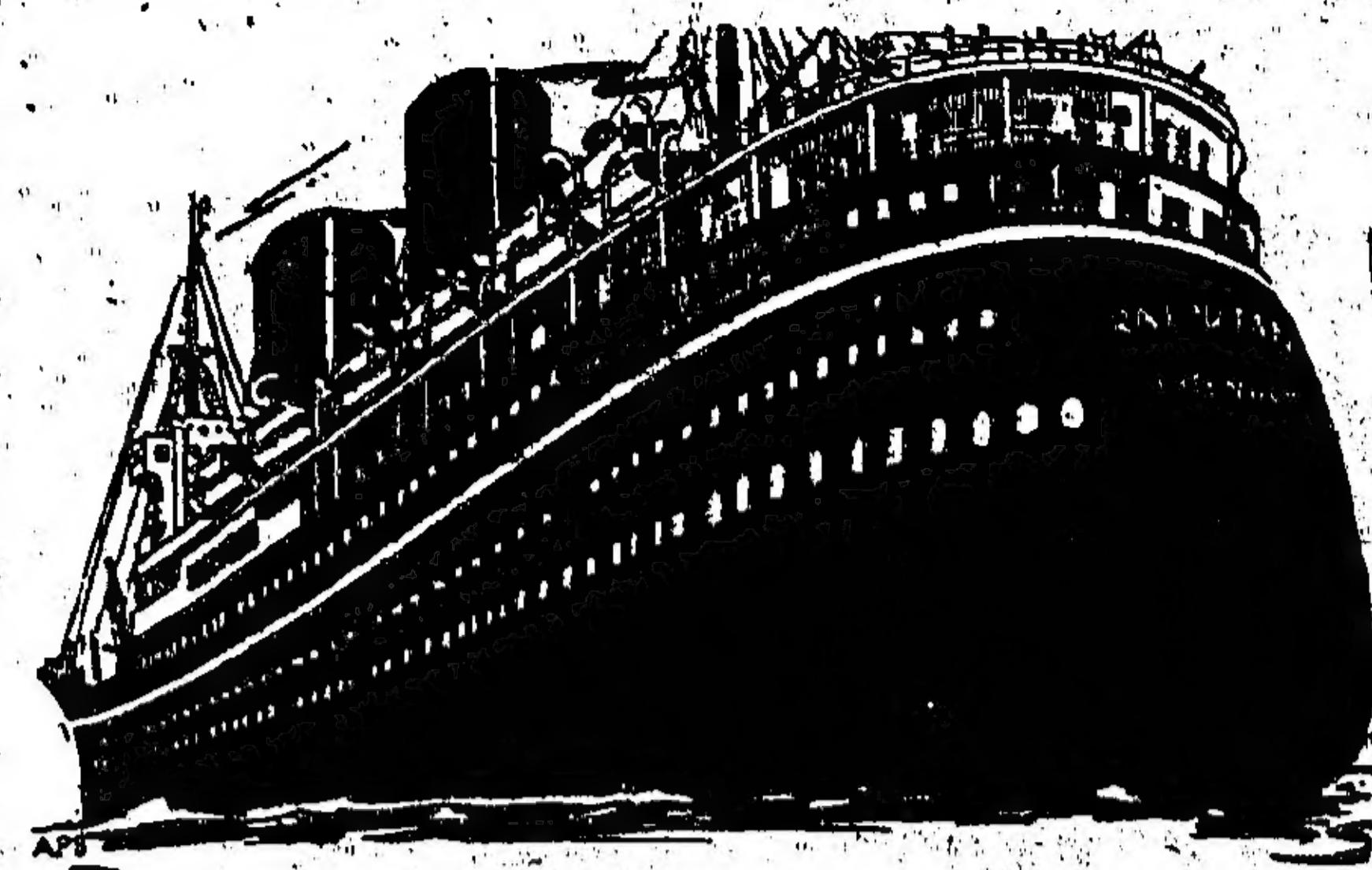
All claims must be sent in to me on or before the 17th June, 1940, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyors Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10.00 a.m. on Saturday, the 23rd June, 1940.

Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL,
Agent
Hong Kong, 1940.



P. & O. S. N. CO.

We have a Sailing Homewards
MIDDLE OF AUGUST
carrying Passengers and Freight.
Also Frequent Cargo Departures

B. I. S. N. CO. LTD.

Frequent Sailings to Straits, Rangoon
and Calcutta.

E. & A. S.S. CO. LTD.

Monthly Sailings to Rabaul, East Coast
of Australia and Tasmania.

Also frequent sailings to Shanghai and Japan.

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation change or deviation with or without notice.

Passengers are requested to register their requirements but under present circumstances sailings are perfectly restricted.

Details may be obtained from

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

P & G BUILDING CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL HONGKONG
PHONE 2722

CHINA NAVIGATION

COMPANY, LIMITED.

Frequent and Regular Sailings for

SWATOW, AMOY, SHANGAI, TENGCHAU, WEIHAIWEI,
CHAOPO and TIENTSIN.

KWANGCHOWWAN, PAKEI, and HOKOW

HAIPHONG.

CANTON.

TOURANI, SAIGON and BANGKOK.

SINGAPORE PORT, SWITZERLAND and PHNOMPENH

For further particulars regarding loading dates etc.
please apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

TELEPHONE NO. 30331



Speed across the Pacific by luxurious Empire liners
then . . . Victoria . . . stop over if you wish . . . and
Vancouver in Canada's Evergreen playground.

NEXT SAILING FROM HONGKONG SECOND WEEK IN JULY
(Omitting Honshu)

Fast through AIR CONDITIONED trains from
ships side at Vancouver take you through the Majestic
Canadian Rockies—Lake Louise, Banff—600 miles of travel
through Marvelous Mountain Scenery. Niagara Falls and
the Great Lakes can be included as optional trips on your
tourist trip. Stop over anywhere you want.

Then Montreal and Quebec, gay French-speaking
cities on the famous St. Lawrence Seaway and a quick
crossing to Europe by one of Canadian Pacific's Atlantic
liners.

NEXT SAILING TO MANILA
THE FIRST WEEK IN JULY

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Union Building
Hong Kong
Telephone 2715
Canadian Pacific
World's Greatest Travel Service

BARBER - WILHELMSEN LINE

SERVICE OF

BOSTON AND NEW YORK
VI. LOS ANGELES & PANAMA CANAL PORTS.

BY NEW FAST VESSELS

NEXT SAILING THIRD WEEK JULY

Following sailing third week August

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents
Hong Kong, Bank Building
Telephone 28021.

BANK LINE (CHINA) LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN AND BUCKNALL SS. CO., LTD.

Regular sailings for UNITED KINGDOM & opportunity offers

NEXT SAILING EARLY AUGUST

AGENTS FOR

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

NEXT SAILING ABOUT END OF JUNE

FOR MARTINIQUE, REUNION, TAMATATE, LORENZO MARQUES, DURBAN AND CAPE PORTS.

AMERICAN-ORIENTAL LINE

Regular sailings for Boston, New York, Philadelphia & Baltimore

NEXT SAILING EARLY JULY

AGENTS FOR

KLAVENESS LINE

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HONGKONG DIRECT TO LOS ANGELES (in 21 Days)

THENCE TO SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, ORE, TACOMA & SEATTLE

NEXT SAILINGS THIRD WEEK IN JUNE & THIRD WEEK IN JULY

Leaving through Belling & Atlanta Canal with transhipment at Los Angeles by first opportunity

For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply to—

THE BANK LINE (CHINA), LTD.

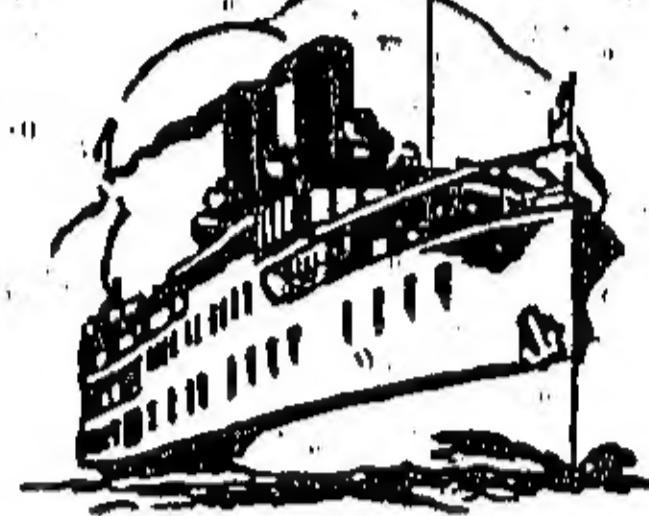
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JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMSHIP CO LTD & THE
CHINA NAVIGATION CO LTD

TRAVEL
THE
SHORT
SAFE
SEA
WAY

by the
British Line

CANTON LINE**WEEKLY SAILING****MACAO LINE****DAILY SERVICE**

(including Sunday)



Note:—All vessels equipped with Wireless.
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THE PERFECT HOLIDAY**A PARADISE CRUISE****TO BALI & JAVA**

—16 & 30 DAYS ROUNDTRIPS—

AT SPECIAL EXCURSION FARES

REGULAR SAILINGS

To BALI & JAVA via P.I. PORTS:

EVERY THREE WEEKS.

To BATAVIA via MANILA:

EVERY THREE WEEKS.

To AMOY & SHANGHAI:

WEEKLY.

Particulars of Arrivals & Departures
Upon application

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN N.V.

HONGKONG-AMOY-SWATOW-CANTON

Macao Agent:

H. NOLASCO DA SILVA.

MODERN EXPRESS SERVICE**THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE**

REGULAR AN
FREIGHT &
PASSENGER SERVICE

**TO UNITED KINGDOM PORTS, NEXT
SAILING MIDDLE JULY.** For dates
and ports of call apply to Agents.

PACIFIC AND NEW YORK SERVICES are
maintained as hitherto.

Information regarding **INWARD CARGO**
and all matters relating to freight and
passage will gladly be given by

Butterfield & Swire,

Agents

Tel. No. 28332.

1. Connaught Road.

**WHAT HAS HAPPENED TO
THE FRENCH FLEET?****Answer Is Provided By
German Broadcast**

LONDON, June 24 (Havas)—Biggest query mark in unofficial quarters, following the setting up of a French National Committee in London, repudiation of Petain's Capitulation Ministry by Frenchmen all over the world and Mr. Churchill's efforts to consolidate the French spirit of continued resistance, concerns the French Fleet, what has happened or is to happen to it?

The answer, according to authoritative quarters, is possibly best provided by a German broadcast which stated that "Germany may have to accept the position that the French Government may not be able to control its forces and people outside France."

It is already known, in any case, that important units of the French Navy, including two battleships, are with the British Fleet in the eastern basin of the Mediterranean with Alexandria as their base. A large number of French submarines are also based on Alexandria.

Other ships are reported to have left Toulon for an unknown destination, and French war vessels on France's western coast have long been acting in close co-operation with the British Navy in the Atlantic and North Sea.

GERMAN PROMISE CRITICISED

General impression is that while a few ships may fall into German or Italian hands, that is not likely to be the fate of the Fleet as a whole. The German guarantee to Marshal Petain is the subject of scathing comment.

It is revealed that the British War Cabinet was in session for two hours before Mr. Churchill made his broadcast calling on Frenchmen overseas to rally to the cause of civilisation.

DE GAULLE DISMISSED
BORDEAUX, June 24 (Havas)—The Home Minister, M. Charles

Pommaret, announces that upon the proposal of General Weygand, General de Gaulle has been dismissed following his speech in London.

The dismissal does not exclude other measures which may be taken later against this former general, the announcement added.

**FIGHTING INTENSIFIES
IN NANCHANG AREA****Main Chinese Force Is
Making Steady Gain**

CHUNGKING, June 23 (Central)—Fighting around Nanchang has assumed a more serious aspect. Reports from Kiangsi state that the city is practically encompassed by the Chinese on three sides. The Chinese spearhead has reached the suburban areas, while the Chinese main force is advancing steadily.

A thousand Japanese troops supported by a number of tanks tried to halt the Chinese units driving down along the south and west banks of Yochu Lake yesterday morning. The Chinese pierced their lines, destroying three tanks and seizing 15 machine-guns. Further Japanese reinforcements sent against the Chinese later were also repulsed with losses.

Lingtang, a point nine miles south of Nanchang, is expected to be reduced by the Chinese imminent.

Chubchua, a rural town about 15 miles to the northeast of Nanchang, is besieged by the Chinese. The Japanese at Yangchiatu near Chubchua suffered heavily in a Chinese surprise attack last Friday. Besides about 100 casualties inflicted on land, some 200 were killed in the river there when eight Japanese boats were sunk.

JAPANESE LINES CUT

Military advices from the Hupeh front indicate that the Japanese principal communication lines west of the Han River have been cut. Following successful "mopping up" operations at Tuanlinpu, Yukunpu and Chienyang, the Chinese have straddled the Shad-Sianyang highway.

A Chinese column driving northward along the west bank of the upper reaches of the Han River has recaptured Lengshupu, opposite Chungtung, Libokow, a river crossing north of Lengshupu, has

"We have lived as people during the last ten years at half-power in Europe. Today the summons has come, such as no man living can remember, to our spirit, our courage, our tenacity, our self-discipline and self-sacrifice. The shock of the last week may help us if it makes us realize that nothing less than our full strength can save us and that, if we can find that full strength and exert it, freedom will survive here and in Europe."

AN OUTRAGE

The Daily Herald writes: "The surrender is an outrage that will shock all posterity. A mighty nation pawned! An alliance, sealed by the blood of millions, jettisoned without warning. The French Parliament has had no part in the deed, no say in the decision. As for the French people, their ardent resolve to fight the war to its end has been overwhelmingly expressed by the selfless courage of their troops and the sacrifice of their working men and women."

Petain has put the French Revolution into reverse. Forces outside the motherland will now become the valorous executors of the people's will."

WEATHER REPORT

Hongkong Royal Observatory, 10 a.m., June 24. Barometer (at sea level), 29.65 ins.

Temperature, 84 F. Humidity, 94 per cent. Wind Direction, S.W. Wind Force (Beaufort), 1.

Temperature: maximum yesterday, 88 F. Temp: "a.m. minimum last night, 71 F."

Gami for 24 hrs ending 10th to 14, 038 ins. Total rainfall since January 1st, 58.04 ins.

Against an average of 75.23 ins. Sunset tonight, 7.11 p.m.

Sunrise tomorrow, 5.40 a.m.

Barometer (at sea level), 29.60 ins.

Temperature, 84 F. Humidity, 94 per cent.

Wind Direction, S.W. Wind Force (Beaufort), 1.

Maximum temperature, 88 F. Minimum temperature, 77 F.

Rainfall, nil.

**PRODUCTION OF
RAYON IN
JAPAN**

Special to H.K. Daily Press.

TOKYO, June 24 (Havas)—The production of rayon in May amounted to 5,793,850 pounds, almost 50 per cent. less than May, 1939, according to an announcement made by the Rayon Industrial Federation.

The output was 112,992 pounds greater than in April.

From Jan. 1 to May 31, the production of rayon yarn totalled 28,308,844 pounds, a decline of 17,972,934 pounds when compared with the corresponding period in 1939.

FOREIGN MAIRS

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, 25th JUNE, 1940, 9.30 A.M.

Air mail letters will be accepted for transmission to Europe by Pan-American Service to New York and onward thence by sea, at .80 per half-ounce for the air transport, plus 15 cents per ounce to British possessions and 25 cents per ounce to foreign countries in respect of sea transport.

An experimental air service for Europe via United States of America and Trans-Atlantic Service has also been introduced, the charge being \$5 per half ounce for letters and postcards \$1.50 each. An approximate estimate of the time occupied in this transmission is twelve days from the date of departure of the Clipper from Hong Kong.

The postage rates via the revised Imperial Airways Service are unchanged.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

INWARD MAIRS

From	Due
U. S. A. and Manila—(San Francisco date, 29th May)	25th June
Shanghai and Amoy	26th June
Shanghai	26th June
Air Mail by "Air France Airways Service"	26th June
Bangkok	26th June
Haliphong	26th June
Java and Manila	26th June
Manila	26th June
Japan and Manila	26th June
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service,"—San Francisco date, 13th June.	27th June
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service"	27th June
Calcutta and Straits	27th June
Canton	27th June
Japan, Shanghai and Formosa	27th June
Japan and Shanghai	27th June
Haliphong	27th June
Japan	27th June
Bangkok	27th June
Shanghai	27th June
London and Straits	27th June
Japan and Shanghai	28th June
Shanghai	28th June
London and Straits	28th June
Japan, Straits and Manila	29th June
London, Straits and Manila	29th June
Shanghai and Amoy	30th June
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service"	1st July
Shanghai	1st July
Haliphong and Hoihow	1st July
Sandakan	1st July
U. S. A. and Manila—(San Francisco date, 11th June)	2nd July
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai—(Vancouver B.C.) 15th June)	3rd July
	4th July

OUTWARD MAIRS

Registered and Parcel Mail are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m. Registered and Parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

For	Date and Time
TUESDAY	
Haliphong	Noon
Port Baryard, and Holhow	12.30 PM
Manila	1.00 PM
Haliphong	3.00 PM
Saigon	3.30 PM
K.P.O.	
Reg.	5.00 PM
Ord.	5.30 PM
G.P.O.	
Reg.	5.00 PM
Ord.	7.00 PM
K.P.O.	
Reg.	5.00 PM
Ord.	6.30 PM
G.P.O.	
Reg.	6.00 PM
Ord.	7.00 PM
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Service" to Durban and thence by Sea Service to United Kingdom	
Amoy and Shanghai	
Straits, Ceylon and India	
Wednesday	
Parcels only for Tientsin	
Shanghai	
Thursday	
U. S. A. Central and South America, Canada and Europe via San Francisco (No Parcels for Canada)	
Shanghai	
Swatow and Parcels only for Tientsin	
Bangkok	
Straits, Ceylon, India, South Africa, and United Kingdom	
G.P.O. & K.P.O.	
Par. 26th 5.00 PM	
Reg. 27th 9.45 AM	
Ord. 27th 10.30 AM	
2.30 PM	
K.P.O.	
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 5.30 PM	
G.P.O.	
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 7.00 PM	
7.00 PM	
Friday	
U. S. A. Central and South America, Canada and Europe via San Francisco (No Parcels for Canada)	
Shanghai	
Swatow and Parcels only for Tientsin	
Bangkok	
Straits, Ceylon, India, South Africa, and United Kingdom	
G.P.O.	
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 5.30 PM	
K.P.O.	
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 5.30 PM	
G.P.O.	
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 7.00 PM	
Air Mail for Manile, Guanz, Honkilo, U. S. A. & Europe via "Pan American Airways" and "Trans-Atlantic Services"	
Amoy	

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